Vane. Supreme Court 660 2847 604 660 4200 222 main Swere private info .. 5722200 Surrey -> New West 6608522 Lawyer Refferal 687 3221. Wesli MCHARG 604 433 5255 2009 436 3315 (cmail) YARO GAVRYLKO Mar. 8 Tursday 8 - 3:00 210-4603 Kings way BBY. Max WOLPERT 604 439 2420 - March. 14 info@mir Lawyer. com Van Johnather WADDINGTON 604 737 6800 (referred) William KNUTSON 604 408 2030 (web) 684 0727 nar. 20 @ Perry Kuchar 604 435 4444 Regis Regis No help. slein@lemlawcorp.com 3 - Michael MCCUBBIN 604 566 9440 Away MBOX full 9 - Nathan & GANAPATHI: 64 689 92.22 (F, mail) into a ganapothico. com DAVID WESLEY MCHARGY X (repeat) . ar. 21 604 822 579 | Law Students Busy. MCHARG 1 2109-4710 Kingsway BBY V5H4M2 PAWA SING 604 431 7744

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Yaro Y.N. Gavrylko, Lawyer Dusevic & Co. Barristers & Solicitors 210-4603 Kingsway Burnaby BC V5H 4M4

Dear Mr. Gavrylko,

Lawyer Referral Service gave me your name and phone number. You promised to help me on the phone and we met on March 8, 2012.

I told you that, as a victim of **potentially fatal hit and run crime**, I had a legal obligation to present my case to the Court and see the Justice is done; because **the police did not charge the offenders**. I asked you for which legal form I must file in the Supreme Court of British Columbia. Instead of giving me the information I asked and paid for, you told me the following:

Ordinary citizens are not permitted to file criminal action against another person; only the police or crown counsel had the authority to file criminal cases. You advised me to file civil case despite I repeated many times that my case was a criminal case, under the Section 252 of Canadian Criminal Code.

After the meeting, I phoned you, at least, five times, hoping to get the information I needed. Nevertheless, you argued that you gave me what I asked for. You have treated me like a fool.

Even though the advice you gave me was not pertinent to my request from you, by email, I asked you to confirm the validity of your advice in writing. You refused to do so.

Your failure to confirm the validity of your advice is conclusive that your advice was misleading; because, no reasonable person hesitates to sign a true statement. For a lawyer, giving misleading advice, may amount to perverting the law and **obstruction of justice**.

Bearing in mind the consequences of your conduct, **please correct your wrong** by providing me with the information I asked and paid for.

Sincerely,

DUSEVIC & Co. 604 5271161  Barristers & Solicitors 200 05 30 wab Lo 6 527 3973  Yaro Y.N. Gavrylko Lawyer & Notary Public  Suite #210.4603 Kingsway, Burnaby, British Columbia  Telephone: (604) 436-3315 Fax: (604) 436-3302	
Canada, V5H 4M4  RECEIVED FROM REÇU DE  R. Korket  The Sum of Evalty Sine la somme de  Sumoly, E.C L.R. U	No. +134-136  War. 08  \$ 2012  \$ 25.00  Dollars

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Yaro Y.N. Gavrylko, Lawyer 300-960 QUAYSIDE DRIVE NEW WESTMINSTER, B.C., V3M 6G2

Dear Mr. Gavrylko,

Lawyer Referral Service gave me your name and phone number. You promised to help me on the phone and we met on March 8, 2012.

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Sincerely,

# **QUAY LAW CENTRE**

Barristers & Solicitors

Russell S. Tretiak, Q.C.
Lori M. Gerbig, B.A., LL.B.
Maritza Verdun-Jones, B.A. (Hons), C.C.R., LL.B.
Anukiran Klar, B.A., LL.B.
Yaro Y. N. Gavrylko, B.A., LL.B, LL.M.

Legal services provided by:

#### FIRST LAW CORPORATION

First Capital Place 300 - 960 Quayside Drive New Westminster, B.C. V3M 6G2 Tel: (604) 527-1161 Fax: (604) 527-1165 File No. 10-\*\*\*\*

April 12, 2012

#### VIA REGULAR MAIL

Mr. R. Korkut 5249 Laurel Street Burnaby, B.C. V5G 1N1

Dear Sir:

Attention to: Mr. Korkut

Re: Your Matter

Thank you for your telephone call to me of even date.

I write to inform you that I have not been retained by you to provide legal services respecting your matters at any point in time and consequently I am not acting as your legal counsel.

Henceforth, I am not going to provide any legal advice to you.

Please discontinue further telephone, mail or other form of correspondence or contact with the undersigned.

Please be advised that I will not be able to answer your phone calls, voicemail or e-mail messages.

Thank you for your understanding,

**QUAY LAW CENTRE** 

YARO Y. N. GAVRYLKO, B.A., LL.B., LL.M.

YG/ab

CC: Client

Practice Restricted to Family Law and Matters of Professional Responsibility

Quay Law Centre is an Association of Independent Lawyers and Law Corporations and Not a Partnership

Registered mail

Yaro Y.N. Gavrylko, Lawyer 300-960 QUAYSIDE DRIVE NEW WESTMINSTER, B.C., V3M 6G2

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Bearing in mind the consequences of your conduct, **please correct your wrong** by providing me with the information I asked and paid for.

Sincerely,



# You were looking for

Tracking Numbers: 79622659860



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**CUSTOMER RECEIPT** 

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Product Type: Lettermail

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Date	Time	Location	Description	Retail Location	Signatory Name
2012/04/24	10:02	NEW WESTMINSTER	Item successfully delivered		
	10:02		Signature image recorded for Online viewing		LEEANNE LEEANNE
	08:00	NEW WESTMINSTER	Item out for delivery		
	06:22	NEW WESTMINSTER	Item processed at local delivery facility		
2012/04/23	16:53	BURNABY	Item accepted at the Post Office		

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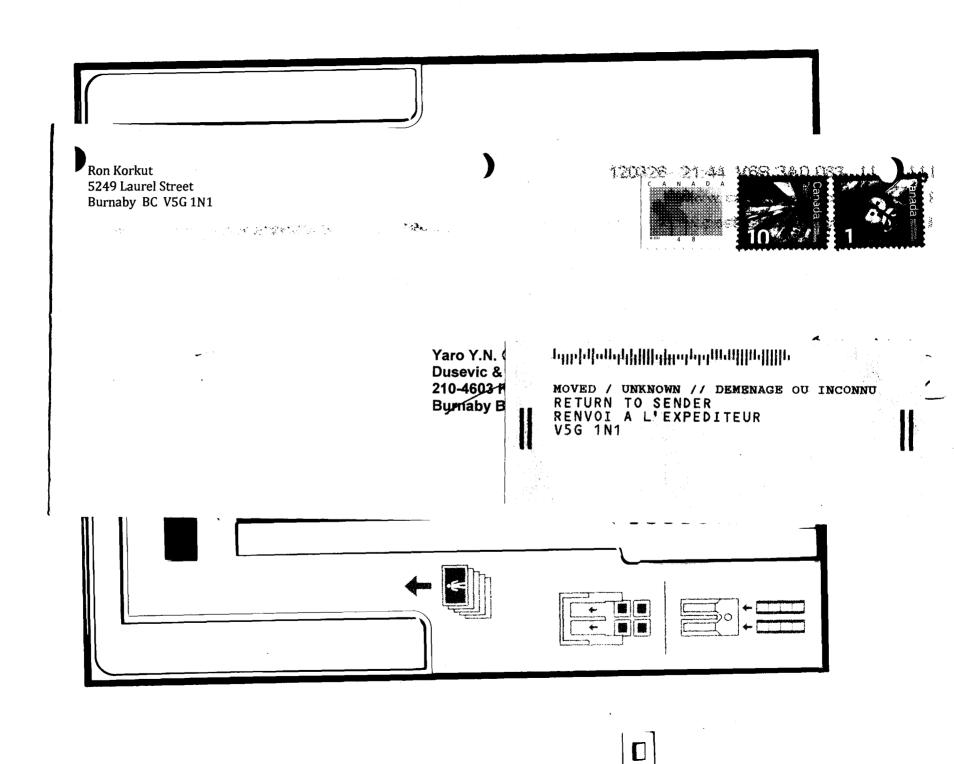
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Yaro Y.N. Gavrylko, Lawyer 300-960 QUAYSIDE DRIVE NEW WESTMINSTER, B.C., V3M 6G2

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Bearing in mind the consequences of your conduct, **please correct your wrong** by providing me with the information I asked and paid for.

Sincerely,

#### **FINAL NOTICE**

Yaro Y.N. Gavrylko, Lawyer 300-960 QUAYSIDE DRIVE NEW WESTMINSTER, B.C., V3M 6G2

Dear Mr. Gavrylko,

Lawyer Referral Service gave me your name and phone number. You promised to help me on the phone and we met on March 8, 2012.

I told you that, as a victim of **potentially fatal hit and run crime**, I had a legal obligation to present my case to the Court and see the Justice is done; because **the police did not charge the offenders**. I asked you for which legal form I must file in the Supreme Court of British Columbia. Instead of giving me the information I asked and paid for, you told me the following:

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Bearing in mind the consequences of your conduct, **please correct your wrong** by providing me with the information I asked and paid for.

Sincerely,

Pawa Basra #2109 - 4710 Kingsway Burnaby, BC V5H4M2

Dear Mr. Basra,

Lawyer Referral Service gave me your name and phone number. On the phone, I told you that I was a victim of potentially fatal hit and run crime and had legal obligation to file a criminal action against my offenders, because police or crown counsel did not prosecute them. I asked you which court-form I should file for my criminal case, but you declined to give me the information I needed, even though:

- 1. You were seeking business, through Lawyer Referral Service,
- 2. You had professional obligation not to discriminate your clients, because you are a member of the Law Society.
- 3. Obviously, you knew the information I needed, because it is impossible for a professional lawyer not to know or find out which form must be filed for criminal cases.
- 4. I desperately needed your help and I was willing to pay for it.
- 5. You were aware of the fact that your refusal of giving me the information I needed was impeding my access to the Natural Justice. Therefore, your conduct may not be consistent with your professional obligations.

I am still seeking the information that I desperately need to fulfill my legal obligations and I am willing to pay for your time. Please help. Thanks in advance.

Sincerely,

# **PAWA BASRA**

LAWYERS LLP

April 16, 2012

## **CONFIDENTIAL**

Ron Korkut 5249 Laurel Street Burnaby, BC V5G 1N1

Dear Mr. Korkut:

I am in receipt of your letter dated April 9, 2012. I am not retained by you and our firm is not retained by you. As I advised you in our very brief and only conversation, on the telephone, we are not able to assist you with your legal matter. You may wish to contact another lawyer.

Yours truly,

Parmjit S. Pawa

Pawa Basra Lawyers LLP

Pawa Basra, Lawyer #2109 - 4710 Kingsway Burnaby, BC V5H4M2

#### Dear Mr. Basra,

Thanks for responding to my letter dated April 9, 2012. Nevertheless, as a victim of potentially fatal hit and run crime, I do not have to retain you to find out which court-form I should file for my criminal case.

As an ordinary citizen you have the legal obligation to provide me with the information, if you know it. It is impossible for a professional lawyer not to know or find out which form must be filed for criminal cases.

Refusing to give information to resolve a criminal offence, may amount to **obstruction of justice** and I am sure you understand the significance of it.

Please give me the information I desperately need and I am willing to pay for it. Thanks in advance.

Sincerely,

Ron Korkut

NOTE: My question is not confidential; therefore confidential reply is not necessary.

# **PAWA BASRA**

LAWYERS LLP

April 20, 2012

# **CONFIDENTIAL**

Ron Korkut 5249 Laurel Street Burnaby, BC V5G 1N1

Dear Mr. Korkut:

I am in receipt of your letter of April 18, 2012. I reiterate the message in our letter of April 16, 2012 including that I am not retained by you and our firm is not retained by you. I hope you receive the assistance you require, however, please do not contact our office any further as we will not respond to further queries.

Yours truly,

Parmjit S. Pawa

Pawa Basra Lawyers LLP

Pawa Basra, Lawyer #2109 - 4710 Kingsway Burnaby, BC V5H4M2

## Dear Mr. Basra,

Thanks for responding to my letter dated April 18, 2012. Nevertheless, as a victim of potentially fatal hit and run crime, I do not have to retain you to find out which court-form I should file for my criminal case.

As an ordinary citizen you have the legal obligation to provide me with the information, if you know it. It is impossible for a professional lawyer not to know or find out which form must be filed for criminal cases.

Refusing to give information to resolve a criminal offence, may amount to **obstruction of justice** and I am sure you understand the significance of it.

PLEASE, give me the information I desperately need and I am willing to pay for it. Thanks in advance.

If you fail to respond, I will have no choice but report your conduct to the Law Society, the Court and the Public.

Sincerely,

Ron Korkut

NOTE: My question is not confidential; therefore confidential reply is not necessary.

# Pedestrian killed in Williams Lake, B.C.

Posted: Apr 22, 2012 1:12 PM PT

Last Updated: Apr 22, 2012 5:47 PM PT

One woman is dead and another in critical condition in hospital after the pair was struck by a car early Sunday morning.

Police received a call just after 2 a.m. PT that two pedestrian had been hit by a truck on Carson Drive in Williams Lake, B.C. The driver of the older model pick up fled the scene.

One woman was pronounced dead at the scene, while the other was airlifted to hospital in Vancouver with lifethreatening injuries. Police say both women are in their early 20s.

The driver was located a short time later. He has been arrested on charges of impaired driving causing death and impaired driving causing bodily harm. He remains in police custody.

Kelly Walls, a director with the Williams Lake Indoor Rodeo Association, says the deceased woman is related to a member of the association.

"No names are released at this time pending the investigation but our heart goes out to the family and friends [of the victims]."

Williams Lake Mayor Kerry Cook said the community has been hit hard by the news.

"I think what happened ... is very, very tragic. I personally know both of the girls that were involved," she said.

"My thoughts and prayers definitely go out to both of the families ... We are just so much behind the families as they walk through this difficult time."

Is there any association between those killings and rewarding hit and run criminals under the name of "accident insurance benefits"?

SANT

Jason Gray Mark Nelson Art Kirkner

Group Horton April 25, 2012 Jon Schubert

Registered mail

Pawa Basra, Lawyer #2109 - 4710 Kingsway Burnaby, BC V5H4M2

#### Dear Mr. Basra,

Thanks for responding to my letter dated April 25, 2012. You stated that you would not respond to my correspondence anymore. Nevertheless, you should bear in mind that failure to respond to a legal document may have some consequences.

Many times I repeated that; as a victim of potentially fatal hit and run crime, I have an obligation to take my case to the Court of Law. Otherwise, it is impossible to prevent hit and run crime that kills dozens of innocent citizens in our province, every year.

To take my case to the Supreme Court of British Columbia, I have to know, which legal form to be filed for criminal actions. I am NOT looking for a lawyer to retain for legal advice or take my case; because, my case is a very simple one:

I have the conclusive evidence of the fact that, ICBC assumed the liability of a hit and run crime and provided financial benefit to the offender, under the name of "accident insurance benefits". The Court must decide, if this business practice is lawful of not.

As an ordinary citizen, you have an obligation to provide me with the information you know to facilitate the punishment hit and run criminals. As a lawyer, it is impossible that you do not know or have access to the information I desperately need and willing to pay for.

If you do not have any **legitimate excuse** for not giving me the information I need, your name may be implicated with the same wrong; because you are standing between me and the Court. You have a choice. Please let me know.

Sincerely,

Ron Korkut

NOTE: My question is not confidential; therefore confidential reply is not necessary.

ENC. Example killing

# **PAWA BASRA**

LAWYERS LLP

May 2, 2012

# **CONFIDENTIAL**

Ron Korkut 5249 Laurel Street Burnaby, BC V5G 1N1

Dear Mr. Korkut:

I am in receipt of your letter of April 25, 2012. I reiterate the message in our previous letters as a final courtesy. Please do not contact our office any further as we will not respond to further queries.

Yours truly,

Parmjit S. Pawa

Pawa Basra Lawyers LLP

PUBLIC DOCUMENT

**FINAL WARNING** 

Pawa Basra, Lawyer #2109 - 4710 Kingsway Burnaby, BC V5H4M2

Dear Mr. Basra,

This is my fifth letter to you regarding your professional obligation and civic duty to provide information that is necessary to adjudicate a criminal offence.

Many times I repeated that: as a victim of potentially fatal hit and run crime, I have a duty to take my case to the Court of Law. Otherwise, it is impossible to prevent hit and run crime that kills dozens of innocent citizens in our province, every year.

To adjudicate the case, I have to know, which legal form or document to be filed for criminal actions.

You have refused to give the information I desperately need and willing to pay for. I am sure you understand the consequences of failing to provide information that is necessary to punish a criminal offender. If not, let me know; otherwise, please follow the rule of law and let me know the legal form or document that is necessary for launching a criminal action in the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

Thanks for your cooperation.

Sincerely,

William E. Knutson Q.C. Lawyer SUITE 700, TWO BENTALL CENTRE 555 BURRARD STREET VANCOUVER, BC CANADA V7X 1M8

Dear Mr. Knutson,

Lawyer Referral Service gave me your name and phone number. On the phone, I told you that I was a victim of potentially fatal hit and run crime and had legal obligation to file a criminal action against my offenders, because police or crown counsel did not prosecute them. I asked you which court-form I should file for my criminal case, but you declined to give me the information I needed, even though:

- 1. You were seeking business, through Lawyer Referral Service,
- 2. You had professional obligation not to discriminate your clients, because you are a member of the Law Society.
- 3. Obviously, you knew the information I needed, because it is impossible for a professional lawyer not to know or find out which form must be filed for criminal cases.
- 4. I desperately needed your help and I was willing to pay for it.
- 5. You were aware of the fact that your refusal of giving me the information I needed was impeding my access to the Natural Justice. Therefore, your conduct may not be consistent with your professional obligations.

I am still seeking the information that I desperately need to fulfill my legal obligations and I am willing to pay for your time. Please help. Thanks in advance.

Sincerely,



REPLY TO:

William E. Knutson, Q.C.\*

DIRECT LINE: E-MAIL: 604.408.2030 wek@shk.ca

FILE NO.: 5161

April 18, 2012

Mr. Ron Korkut 5249 Laurel Street Burnaby, B.C. V5G 1N1

Dear Sir:

Re: Lawyer Referral Service

I am writing in response to your letter of April 9, 2012. I recall that when we spoke on the telephone I explained to you that I was surprised that Lawyer Referral Service had given you my name because I do not practice any criminal law. Moreover, none of the lawyers in this firm practice criminal law. I suggested to you that you needed a criminal lawyer for the assistance you sought. I would expect that the Lawyer Referral Service would have the names of many criminal lawyers that it could provide to you. Good luck with this.

Yours truly,

SHAPIRO HANKINSON & KNUTSON LAW CORPORATION

Per:

William E. Knutson, Q.C.

[ ] 7.7. ]

WEK/lad

William E. Knutson Q.C. Lawyer SUITE 700, TWO BENTALL CENTRE 555 BURRARD STREET VANCOUVER, BC CANADA V7X 1M8

# Dear Mr. Knutson,

Thanks for responding to my letter dated April 9, 2012. You told me that your firm did not practice criminal law and you advised me to seek criminal lawyers through Lawyer Referral Service. Nevertheless, after giving me ten names, Lawyer Referral Service refused to provide service to me on the grounds that their lawyers defend the criminals not the victims.

Under the circumstances, I have no choice but keep in touch with those ten lawyers in hopes of finding out which court-form I should file for my criminal case. Otherwise, I won't be able to take my case to the Court and my offenders will be free to hurt other members of the public.

Therefore, I have to insist and urge you to provide me with the information I desperately need or sign the attached document, if you do not know the information; so that you can maintain your credibility and the honour of your profession. Thanks for your cooperation.

Sincerely,

Ron Korkut

Enc. Declaration of the lack of information

William E. Knutson Q.C. Lawyer SUITE 700, TWO BENTALL CENTRE 555 BURRARD STREET VANCOUVER, BC CANADA V7X 1M8

#### DECLARATION OF THE LACK OF INFORMATION

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCER	T MAY CONCERN	MAY	/ IT	WHON	TO
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As a Lawyer, I understand that every honourable member of the public, including ordinary citizens, has an obligation to help the victims of crime by providing any information they **know** to facilitate the punishment of criminals. Nevertheless, in the Law School, they did not teach me **which court-form has to be filed to launch a criminal case**, therefore, I do not know and have no access to the information Ron Korkut needs.

Willam E. Knutson Q.C. Date

(Copy mailed on May 5, 2012)

William E. Knutson Q.C. Lawyer SUITE 700, TWO BENTALL CENTRE 555 BURRARD STREET VANCOUVER, BC CANADA V7X 1M8

## Dear Mr. Knutson,

Thanks for responding to my letter dated April 9, 2012. You told me that your firm did not practice criminal law and you advised me to seek criminal lawyers through Lawyer Referral Service. Nevertheless, after giving me ten names, Lawyer Referral Service refused to provide service to me on the grounds that their lawyers defend the criminals not the victims.

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Sincerely,

Ron Korkut

Enc. Declaration of the lack of information

William E. Knutson Q.C. Lawyer SUITE 700, TWO BENTALL CENTRE 555 BURRARD STREET VANCOUVER, BC CANADA V7X 1M8

### Dear Mr. Knutson,

I am a victim of potentially fatal hit and run crime and have a duty to file a criminal action against my offender. The Lawyer Referral Service gave me your name and phone number; because, I needed a lawyer to tell me which court-form I should file for my criminal case. On the phone, you declined to give me the legal information I desperately needed and willing to pay for. I wrote you two letters, dated April 9 and April 22, 2012. You responded to my first letter; nevertheless, you failed to sign "Declaration of the lack of information". That is conclusive that you knew the information I needed; because, no reasonable person would hesitate to sign a true statement. You have not responded to my second letter.

According to the Law, every member of the public has a duty to reveal any information necessary for the punishment of criminal offenders, provided they are mentally-healthy and they know the information. This is UN-WRITTEN LAW; because, it is not necessary to write down and promulgate it. Every person, who is in his own right-mind, knows and obeys it. Nonetheless, any reasonable person may construe from your response to my request that you are not concerned with preventing crime at all.

Please let me know, if there is any WRITTEN LAW that exempts you, as a lawyer, from providing me with the name of the legal-form that is necessary for filing a criminal action against my offender. Thanks in advance.

Sincerely,

Ron Korkut

NOTE. Failure to respond a legal-document has legal-consequences.

# PUBLIC DOCUMENT FINAL NOTICE

William E. Knutson Q.C. Lawyer SUITE 700, TWO BENTALL CENTRE 555 BURRARD STREET VANCOUVER, BC CANADA V7X 1M8

#### Dear Mr. Knutson,

I informed you many times that as a victim of potentially fatal hit and run crime, I have a **duty to file a criminal action** against my offender; otherwise, it is impossible to prevent hit and run crime.

Likewise, every member of the public has a duty to reveal any information necessary for the punishment of criminal offenders.

Inconsistent with your legal and civic obligations, you refused to give me the name of the legal-form that is absolutely necessary to launch criminal action and crime prevention.

In my letter dated May 27, 2012, I asked you if there is any statutory or administrative rule that exempts you from the duty of providing me with the name of the legal-form that is necessary for preventing hit and run crime in our community. Nevertheless, you failed to respond to a legal document, even though you were aware of the consequences of it.

Your failure to respond to my letter is an indication of the fact that there is no written rule that exempts you, as a lawyer, from the duty of providing legal service to a victim of crime.

For a lawyer, refusing to provide legal information that is necessary for launching criminal action and crime prevention may amount to obstruction of justice, because it is impossible to administer justice as long as there is no case before the Court.

Therefore, for the last time, I kindly request the name of the legal-form that is necessary for launching a criminal action in the Supreme Court of British Columbia. Please; I desperately need it and I am willing to pay for it.

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V. 1	nac	ra	₹7
171	nce		IV.

March 26, 2012

Wesly Mcharg, Lawyer 340-5021 KINGSWAY Burnaby, British Columbia V5H 4A5

Dear Mr. Mcharg,

Lawyer Referral Service gave me your name and phone number; because you needed legal business. On the phone, I told you that I was a **victim of potentially fatal hit and run** incident and had legal obligation to file a criminal action against my offenders, because police or crown counsel did not prosecute them. I asked you which court form I should file for my criminal case, but you declined to give the information I needed. Later, I have found out that lawyers have professional obligation to serve the needs of the victims of crime to protect the law and the dignity of legal profession. That is why I am writing to you and requesting your help once more or the reason for not doing so.

For a reasonable person, there are four possibilities if a business seeking lawyer refuses to serve a client:

- 1. **Incompetency**: A lawyer may not able to perform the client's request. Nevertheless, it is impossible for a professional lawyer not to know or find out which form must be filed for criminal cases.
- 2. **Discrimination**: Lawyer may not like the person, because of his/her accent, skin colour, age, etc. Nevertheless, it is impossible for a lawyer who is bound with his/her professional ethics to discriminate a client for any personal reasons.
- 3. **Special interests:** A lawyer may be corrupt and serving special interests rather than the cause of justice. Nevertheless, it is impossible for a lawyer with professional integrity to hide legal information from a victim of a crime to protect a corporation that is implicated with the crime.
- 4. Emergency: An emergency situation may prevent a lawyer from providing legal information to a victim of a crime, but usually a lawyer with professional integrity serves the client's need after the emergency disappears.

As a member of the public and a victim of potentially fatal crime, I would like to know the reason for not giving me the information I requested from you. Therefore; please, check the correct box to show the reason for refusing to serve me as a client, using the enclosed copy of this letter and return to me at your convenience.

2. 3.	I did not know what form to be filed for criminal cases.  I did not like you for some reason.  I do not care, if hit and run offenders are brought to justice or not.  The following emergency occurred. I will answer your question as soon as it is over.			
Sincerely,	Signature			
Ron Korku	t Wesly Mcharg			

Wesly Mcharg, Lawyer 340-5021 KINGSWAY Burnaby, British Columbia V5H 4A5

Dear Mr. Mcharg,

Lawyer Referral Service gave me your name and phone number. On the phone, I told you that I was a **victim of potentially fatal hit and run crime** and had an obligation to take my case to the Court of Law. Otherwise, it is impossible to prevent hit and run crime that kills dozens of innocent citizens in our province, every year.

To take my case to the Supreme Court of British Columbia, I have to know, which legal form to be filed for criminal actions. I am NOT looking for a lawyer to retain for legal advice or take my case; because, my case is a very simple one:

I have the conclusive evidence of the fact that, ICBC assumed the liability of the hit and run criminal who offended me and provided financial benefit to him, under the name of "accident insurance benefits". The Court must decide, if this business practice is lawful of not.

As an ordinary citizen, you have an obligation to provide me with any information you know to facilitate the punishment of my offender. As a lawyer, it is impossible that you do not know or have access to the information I need.

Please let me know the information I desperately need and willing to pay for, or the reason for not doing so. Thanks for your cooperation.

Sincerely,

Wesly Mcharg, Lawyer 340-5021 KINGSWAY Burnaby, BC V5H 4A5

#### Dear Mr. Mcharg,

I am a victim of potentially fatal hit and run crime and have a duty to file a criminal action against my offender. The Lawyer Referral Service gave me your name and phone number; because, I needed a lawyer to tell me which court-form I should file for my criminal case. On the phone, you declined to give me the legal information I desperately needed and willing to pay for. I wrote you two letters, dated March 26 and May 8, 2012. You failed to respond. I have to remind you that failing to respond to a legal document has legal consequences.

According to the Law, every member of the public has a **duty to reveal any information necessary for the punishment of criminal offenders**, provided they are mentally-healthy and they know the information. This is UN-WRITTEN LAW; because, it is not necessary to write down and promulgate it. Every person, who is in his own right-mind, knows and obeys it. Nonetheless, any reasonable person may construe from your failure to response to my request that you are not concerned with preventing crime at all.

**Please** let me know, if there is any WRITTEN LAW that exempts you, as a lawyer, from the duty of providing me with the name of the legal-form that is necessary for preventing hit and run crime in our community. Thanks in advance.

Sincerely,

# McHARG LAW

#### BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, NOTARIES PUBLIC

#### D. WESLEY McHARG, B.A., LL.B\*

#210 - 4603 Kingsway Burnaby, BC V5H 4M4 Telephone: (604) 433.5255 Facsimile: (604) 436.3302 E-mail: dw@mcharglaw.com

June 1, 2012

Ron Korkut 5249 Laurel Street Burnaby, BC, V5G 1N1

Dear Mr. Korkut:

# RE: Korkut/McHarg

Further to our initial telephone conversation and your follow up correspondence of March 26, May 8 and May 28, 2012, we confirm the advice that was offered to you in the telephone call (Korkut/McHarg), that I was unable to assist you. Our position has not changed; I am unable to assist you.

Further, given the tenor of your correspondence under reference, I feel obliged to inform you that it is within a lawyer's discretion to offer legal advice only when he or she wishes to do so. The lawyer has as much right to choose a client, or to whom he is going to offer legal advice, as the client has in choosing a lawyer.

I further confirm that you have not retained me in any way and that I do not act for you in any capacity.

I trust this concludes this matter as far as your contacting me is concerned and I do not expect to be hearing from you in the future.

Yours truly,

D. WESLEY McHARG

/mh

\* denotes P.L.C.

#### **PUBLIC DOCUMENT**

Wesly McHarg, Lawyer 340-5021 KINGSWAY Burnaby, BC V5H 4A5

#### Dear Mr. McHarg,

Thanks for your response to my letter dated May 28, 2012. Nevertheless, you disregarded my request.

As I mentioned in my letter, as a victim of potentially fatal hit and run crime, I have a duty to file a criminal action against my offender.

Likewise, as a member of the public, you have a duty to reveal any information necessary for the punishment of criminal offenders; never mind your professional obligations.

On your behalf, refusing to give me the name of the legal-form is an obstruction of justice by definition; because, it is impossible to administer justice, as long as lawyers hide the legal-form that is necessary for filing criminal actions, from the victims of crime.

Therefore; PLEASE, follow the Rule of Law and give me the name of the legal-form that I need for crime prevention.

Sincerely,

#### **PUBLIC DOCUMENT**

#### **FINAL NOTICE**

Wesly McHarg, Lawyer 340-5021 KINGSWAY Burnaby, BC V5H 4A5

Dear Mr. McHarg,

As a victim of potentially fatal hit and run crime, I have a duty to file a criminal action against my offender. Therefore, I asked you for the legal-form that is necessary to launch a criminal action. You failed to give me the information I desperately needed and willing to pay for, despite my repeated attempts.

I remind you that, as a member of the public, you have a duty to reveal any information necessary for the punishment of criminal offenders; never mind your professional obligations.

Especially for a lawyer, withholding the information that is necessary for filing a criminal action may amount to **obstruction of justice**; because, it is impossible to administer justice, if there is no case before the Court of Law.

Therefore; PLEASE, follow the Rule of Law and give me the name of the legal-form that I need for crime prevention.

Sincerely,

Jonathan Waddington, Lawyer 200-835 Granville Vancouver, BC V6Z 1K7

Dear Mr. Waddington,

Lawyer Referral Service gave me your name and phone number. On the phone, I told you that I was a victim of potentially fatal hit and run crime and had legal obligation to file a criminal action against my offenders, because police or crown counsel did not prosecute them. I asked you which court-form I should file for my criminal case, but you declined to give me the information I needed, even though:

- 1. You were seeking business, because you were registered with Lawyer Referral Service,
- 2. You had professional obligation not to discriminate your clients, because you are a member of the Law Society.
- 3. You knew the information I needed, because it is impossible for a professional lawyer not to know or find out which form must be filed for criminal cases.
- 4. I desperately needed your help and I was willing to pay for it.
- 5. You were aware of the fact that your refusal of giving me the information I needed was impeding my access to the Natural Justice. Therefore, your conduct may not be consistent with your professional obligations.

Therefore, please accept my offer of \$1000 for giving me the information I need, so that I can fulfill my legal obligations as a victim. Thanks in advance.

Sincerely,

Jonathan Waddington, Lawyer 200-835 Granville Vancouver, BC V6Z 1K7

# Dear Mr. Waddington,

Lawyer Referral Service gave me your name and phone number. On the phone, I told you that I was a **victim of potentially fatal hit and run crime** and had an obligation to take my case to the Court of Law. Otherwise, it is impossible to prevent hit and run crime that kills dozens of innocent citizens in our province, every year.

To take my case to the Supreme Court of British Columbia, I have to know, which legal form to be filed for criminal actions. I am NOT looking for a lawyer to retain for legal advice or take my case; because, my case is a very simple one:

I have the conclusive evidence of the fact that, ICBC assumed the liability of a hit and run crime and provided financial benefit to the offender, under the name of "accident insurance benefits". The Court must decide, if this business practice is lawful of not.

As an ordinary citizen, you have an obligation to provide me with the information you know to facilitate the punishment of hit and run criminals. As a lawyer, it is impossible that you do not know or have access to the information I need.

Please let me know the information I desperately need and willing to pay for, or the reason for not doing so. Thanks for your cooperation.

Sincerely,

> Jonathan Waddington, Lawyer 200-835 Granville Vancouver, BC V6Z 1K7

# Dear Mr. Waddington,

I am a victim of potentially fatal hit and run crime and have a duty to file a criminal action against my offender. The Lawyer Referral Service gave me your name and phone number; because, I needed a lawyer to tell me which court-form I should file for my criminal case. On the phone, you declined to give me the legal information I desperately needed and willing to pay for. I wrote you two letters, dated April 5, and May 5, 2012. You failed to respond disregarding your civic and professional obligations.

According to the Law, every member of the public has a duty to reveal any information necessary for the punishment of criminal offenders, provided they are mentally-healthy and they know the information. This is UN-WRITTEN LAW; because, it is not necessary to write down and promulgate it. Every person, who is in his own right-mind, knows and obeys it. Nonetheless, any reasonable person may construe from your failure to response to my request that you are not concerned with preventing crime at all.

Please let me know, if there is any WRITTEN LAW that exempts you, as a lawyer, from the duty of providing me with the name of the legal-form that is necessary for preventing hit and run crime in our community. Thanks in advance.

Sincerely,

Ron Korkut

PS. I have to remind you that: failing to respond to a legal document has legal consequences.

#### **PUBLIC DOCUMENT**

Jonathan Waddington, Lawyer 200-835 Granville Vancouver, BC V6Z 1K7

#### Dear Mr. Waddington,

I have not received any response to my letter dated May 28, 2012. Bear in mind that failing to respond to a legal document may adversely affect your social credibility, denigrate the honor of legal profession and withholding the information necessary for the process of criminal action may amount to obstruction of justice.

Therefore, please reply to my letter and let me know, if there is any statutory law or administrative rule that exempts you, as a lawyer, from the duty of providing me with the name of the legal-form or document that is necessary for launching a criminal action and crime prevention.

Sincerely,

Stuart Lein, Lawyer 1400 – 510 Burrard Street Vancouver, B.C.

Dear Mr. Lein,

Lawyer Referral Service gave me your name and phone number. On the phone, I told you that I was a victim of potentially fatal hit and run crime and had legal obligation to file a criminal action against my offenders, because police or crown counsel did not prosecute them. I asked you which court-form I should file for my criminal case, but you declined to give me the information I needed, even though:

- 1. You were seeking business, through Lawyer Referral Service,
- 2. You had professional obligation not to discriminate your clients, because you are a member of the Law Society.
- 3. Obviously, you knew the information I needed, because it is impossible for a professional lawyer not to know or find out which form must be filed for criminal cases.
- 4. I desperately needed your help and I was willing to pay for it.
- 5. You were aware of the fact that your refusal of giving me the information I needed was impeding my access to the Natural Justice. Therefore, your conduct may not be consistent with your professional obligations.

I am still seeking the information that I desperately need to fulfill my legal obligations and I am willing to pay for your time. Please help. Thanks in advance.

Sincerely,

Stuart Lein, Lawyer 1400 – 510 Burrard Street Vancouver, B.C. V6C 3B9

#### Dear Mr. Lein,

Lawyer Referral Service gave me your name and phone number. On the phone, I told you that I was a **victim of potentially fatal hit and run crime** and had an obligation to take my case to the Court of Law. Otherwise, it is impossible to prevent hit and run crime that kills dozens of innocent citizens in our province, every year.

To take my case to the Supreme Court of British Columbia, I have to know, which legal form to be filed for criminal actions. I am NOT looking for a lawyer to retain for legal advice or take my case; because, my case is a very simple one:

I have the conclusive evidence of the fact that, ICBC assumed the liability of a hit and run crime and provided financial benefit to the offender, under the name of "accident insurance benefits". The Court must decide, if this business practice is lawful of not.

As an ordinary citizen, you have an obligation to provide me with the information you know to facilitate the punishment of hit and run criminals. As a lawyer, it is impossible that you do not know or have access to the information I need.

Please let me know the information I desperately need and willing to pay for, or the reason for not doing so. Thanks for your cooperation.

Sincerely,

> Stuart Lein, Lawyer 1400 – 510 Burrard Street Vancouver, B.C. V6C 3B9

#### Dear Mr. Lein,

I am a victim of potentially fatal hit and run crime. Therefore, I have a duty to file a criminal action against my offender; otherwise, it is impossible to prevent hit and run crime.

The Lawyer Referral Service gave me your name and phone number; because, I needed a lawyer to tell me **which court-form I should file for my criminal case.** On the phone, you declined to give me the legal information I desperately needed and willing to pay for. I wrote you two letters, dated April 9, and May 5, 2012. You failed to respond, disregarding the legal consequences of it.

According to the Law, every member of the public has a duty to reveal any information necessary for the punishment of criminal offenders, provided they are mentally-healthy and they know the information. This is UN-WRITTEN LAW; because, it is not necessary to write down and promulgate it. Every honourable member of the public knows and obeys it.

**Please** let me know, if there is any WRITTEN LAW that exempts you, as a lawyer, from the duty of providing me with the name of the legal-form that is necessary for preventing hit and run crime in our community. Thanks in advance.

Sincerely,

#### PUBLIC DOCUMENT

#### FINAL NOTICE

Stuart Lein, Lawyer 1400 – 510 Burrard Street Vancouver, B.C. V6C 3B9

#### Dear Mr. Lein,

I informed you many times that as a victim of potentially fatal hit and run crime, I have a duty to file a criminal action against my offender; otherwise, it is impossible to prevent hit and run crime.

Likewise, every member of the public has a duty to reveal any information necessary for the punishment of criminal offenders.

Inconsistent with your legal and civic obligations, you refused to give me the name of the legal-form that is absolutely necessary to launch criminal action and crime prevention.

In my letter dated May 29, 2012, I asked you if there is any statutory or administrative rule that exempts you from the duty of providing me with the name of the legal-form that is necessary for preventing hit and run crime in our community. Nevertheless, you failed to respond to a legal document, even though you were aware of the consequences of it.

Your failure to respond to my letter is an indication of the fact that there is no written rule that exempts you, as a lawyer, from the duty of providing legal service to a victim of crime.

For a lawyer, refusing to provide legal information that is necessary for launching criminal action and crime prevention may amount to obstruction of justice, because it is impossible to administer justice as long as there is no case before the Court.

Therefore, for the last time, I kindly request the name of the legal-form that is necessary for launching a criminal action in the Supreme Court of British Columbia. Please; I desperately need it and I am willing to pay for it.

Sincerely,

Perry G. Kuchar, Lawyer 509-4885 Kingsway Burnaby, British Columbia V5H 4T2

Dear Mr. Kuchar,

Lawyer Referral Service gave me your name and phone number. On the phone, I told you that I was a victim of potentially fatal hit and run crime and had legal obligation to file a criminal action against my offenders, because police or crown counsel did not prosecute them. I asked you which court-form I should file for my criminal case, but you declined to give me the information I needed, even though:

- 1. You were seeking business, through Lawyer Referral Service,
- 2. You had professional obligation not to discriminate your clients, because you are a member of the Law Society.
- 3. Obviously, you knew the information I needed, because it is impossible for a professional lawyer not to know or find out which form must be filed for criminal cases.
- 4. I desperately needed your help and I was willing to pay for it.
- 5. You were aware of the fact that your refusal of giving me the information I needed was impeding my access to the Natural Justice. Therefore, your conduct may not be consistent with your professional obligations.

I am still seeking the information that I desperately need to fulfill my legal obligations and I am willing to pay for your time. Please help. Thanks in advance.

Sincerely,

Perry G. Kuchar, Lawyer 509-4885 Kingsway Burnaby, British Columbia V5H 4T2

#### Dear Mr. Kuchar,

Lawyer Referral Service gave me your name and phone number. On the phone, I told you that I was a victim of potentially fatal hit and run crime and had an obligation to take my case to the Court of Law. Otherwise, it is impossible to prevent hit and run crime that kills dozens of innocent citizens in our province, every year.

To take my case to the Supreme Court of British Columbia, I have to know, which legal form to be filed for criminal actions. I am NOT looking for a lawyer to retain for legal advice or take my case; because, my case is a very simple one:

I have the conclusive evidence of the fact that, ICBC assumed the liability of a hit and run crime and provided financial benefit to the offender, under the name of "accident insurance benefits". The Court must decide, if this business practice is lawful of not.

As an ordinary citizen, you have an obligation to provide me with the information you know to facilitate the punishment of hit and run criminals. As a lawyer, it is impossible that you do not know or have access to the information I need.

Please let me know the information I desperately need and willing to pay for, or the reason for not doing so. Thanks for your cooperation.

Sincerely,

Perry G. Kuchar, Lawyer 509-4885 Kingsway Burnaby, British Columbia V5H 4T2

#### Dear Mr. Kuchar,

I am a victim of potentially fatal hit and run crime. Therefore, I have a duty to file a criminal action against my offender; otherwise, it is impossible to prevent hit and run crime.

The Lawyer Referral Service gave me your name and phone number; because, I needed a lawyer to tell me which court-form I should file for my criminal case. On the phone, you declined to give me the legal information I desperately needed and willing to pay for. I wrote you two letters, dated March 27 and April 9, 2012. You failed to respond, disregarding the legal consequences of it.

According to the Law, every member of the public has a duty to reveal any information necessary for the punishment of criminal offenders, provided they are mentally-healthy and they know the information. This is a natural and UN-WRITTEN LAW; therefore, it is not necessary to write down and promulgate it. Every honourable member of the public knows and obeys it for the sake of their own protection.

Please let me know, if there is any WRITTEN LAW that exempts you, as a lawyer, from the duty of providing me with the name of the legal-form that is necessary for preventing hit and run crime in our community. Thanks in advance.

Sincerely,

# PUBLIC DOCUMENT FINAL NOTICE

Perry G. Kuchar, Lawyer 509-4885 Kingsway Burnaby, British Columbia V5H 4T2

Dear Mr. Kuchar,

I informed you many times that as a victim of potentially fatal hit and run crime, I have a duty to file a criminal action against my offender; otherwise, it is impossible to prevent hit and run crime.

Likewise, every member of the public has a duty to reveal any information necessary for the punishment of criminal offenders.

Inconsistent with your legal and civic obligations, you refused to give me the name of the legal-form that is absolutely necessary to launch criminal action and crime prevention.

In my letter dated May 30, 2012, I asked you if there is any statutory or administrative rule that exempts you from the duty of providing me with the name of the legal-form that is necessary for preventing hit and run crime in our community. Nevertheless, you failed to respond to a legal document, even though you were aware of the consequences of it.

Your failure to respond to my letter is an indication of the fact that there is no written rule that exempts you, as a lawyer, from the duty of providing legal service to a victim of crime.

For a lawyer, refusing to provide legal information that is necessary for launching criminal action and crime prevention may amount to **obstruction of justice**, because it is impossible to administer justice as long as there is no case before the Court.

Therefore, for the last time, I kindly request the name of the legal-form that is necessary for launching a criminal action in the Supreme Court of British Columbia. Please; I desperately need and I am willing to pay for it.

Sincerely,

Michael McCubbin, Lawyer 206-938 Howe Street, Vancouver BC V6Z 1N9

Dear Mr. McCubbin,

Lawyer Referral Service gave me your name and phone number. On the phone, I told you that I was a victim of potentially fatal hit and run crime and had legal obligation to file a criminal action against my offenders, because police and crown counsel did not prosecute them. I asked you which court form I should file for my criminal case, but you declined to give me the information I needed, even though:

- 1. You were seeking business, because you were registered with Lawyer Referral Service,
- 2. You had professional obligation not to discriminate your clients, because you are a member of the Law Society.
- 3. You knew the information I needed, because it is impossible for a professional lawyer not to know or find out which form must be filed for criminal cases.
- 4. I desperately needed your help and offered you \$1500, because I was not able to find a lawyer to help me.
- 5. You had no excuse for a not accepting \$1500 for a service which may not take more than one hour.
- 6. You were aware of the fact that your refusal of giving me the information I needed was impeding my access to the Court of Law. Therefore, you may be charged for obstructing justice; because you have a legal obligation to facilitate victims' access to justice, as a citizen; never mind your professional obligations.

Therefore, please reconsider my offer and provide me with the information desperately I need, so that I can fulfill my legal obligations as a victim of potentially fatal crime by taking my case to the Court of Law.

Sincerely,

> Michael McCubbin, Lawyer 206-938 Howe Street, Vancouver BC V6Z 1N9

Dear Mr. McCubbin,

Lawyer Referral Service gave me your name and phone number. On the phone, I told you that I was a **victim of potentially fatal hit and run crime** and had an obligation to take my case to the Court of Law. Otherwise, it is impossible to prevent hit and run crime that kills dozens of innocent citizens in our province, every year.

To take my case to the Supreme Court of British Columbia, I have to know, which legal form to be filed for criminal actions. I am NOT looking for a lawyer to retain for legal advice or take my case; because, my case is a very simple one:

I have the conclusive evidence of the fact that, ICBC assumed the liability of a hit and run crime and provided financial benefit to the offender, under the name of "accident insurance benefits". The Court must decide, if this business practice is lawful of not.

As an ordinary citizen, you have an obligation to provide me with the information you know to facilitate the punishment of hit and run criminals. As a lawyer, it is impossible that you do not know or have access to the information I need.

Please let me know the information I desperately need and willing to pay for, or the reason for not doing so. Thanks for your cooperation.

Sincerely,

> Michael McCubbin, Lawyer 206-938 Howe Street, Vancouver BC V6Z 1N9

Dear Mr. McCubbin,

I am a victim of potentially fatal hit and run crime. Therefore, I have a duty to file a criminal action against my offender; otherwise, it is impossible to prevent hit and run crime.

The Lawyer Referral Service gave me your name and phone number; because, I needed a lawyer to tell me which court-form I should file for my criminal case. On the phone, you declined to give me the legal information I desperately needed and willing to pay for. I wrote you two letters, dated March 27 and May 7, 2012. You failed to respond, disregarding the legal consequences of it.

According to the Law, every member of the public has a duty to reveal any information necessary for the punishment of criminal offenders, provided they are mentally-healthy and they know the information. This is a natural and UN-WRITTEN LAW; therefore, it is not necessary to write down and promulgate it. Every honourable member of the public knows and obeys it for the sake of their own protection.

Please let me know, if there is any WRITTEN LAW that exempts you, as a lawyer, from the duty of providing me with the name of the legal-form that is necessary for preventing hit and run crime in our community. Thanks in advance.

Sincerely,

Max Wolpert 2008-4330 Kingsway, Burnaby, BC V5H 4G7

#### Dear Mr. Wolpert,

Lawyer Referral Service gave me your name and phone number; because you needed legal business. On the phone, I told you that I was a **victim of potentially fatal hit and run** incident and had legal obligation to file a criminal action against my offenders, because police or crown counsel did not prosecute them. I asked you which court form I should file for my criminal case, but you declined to give the information I needed. Later, I have found out that lawyers have professional obligation to serve the needs of the victims of crime to protect the law and the dignity of legal profession. That is why I am writing to you and requesting your help once more or the reason for not doing so.

For a reasonable person, there are four possibilities if a business seeking lawyer refuses to serve a client:

- 1. **Incompetency**: A lawyer may not able to perform the client's request. Nevertheless, it is impossible for a professional lawyer not to know or find out which form must be filed for criminal cases.
- 2. **Discrimination**: Lawyer may not like the person, because of his/her accent, skin colour, age, etc. Nevertheless, it is impossible for a lawyer who is bound with his/her professional ethics to discriminate a client for any personal reasons.
- 3. **Special interests:** A lawyer may be corrupt and serving special interests rather than the cause of justice. Nevertheless, it is impossible for a lawyer with professional integrity to hide legal information from a victim of a crime to protect a corporation that is implicated with the crime.
- 4. **Emergency**: An emergency situation may prevent a lawyer from providing legal information to a victim of a crime, but usually a lawyer with professional integrity **serves the client's need after the emergency** disappears.

As a member of the public and a victim of potentially fatal crime, I would like to know the reason for not giving me the information I requested from you. Therefore; please, check the correct box to show the reason for refusing to serve me as a client, using the enclosed copy of this letter and return to me at your convenience.

<ol> <li>I did not know what form to be filed for criminal cases.</li> <li>I did not like you for some reason.</li> <li>I do not care if hit and run offenders are brought to justice or not.</li> <li>The following emergency occurred. I will answer your question as soon as it is over.</li> </ol>			
Sincerely,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Signature	
Ron Korkut		Max Wolpert	

> Max Wolpert, Lawyer 2008-4330 Kingsway, Burnaby, BC V5H 4G7

Dear Mr. Wolpert,

I am a victim of potentially fatal hit and run crime. Therefore, I have a duty to file a criminal action against my offender; otherwise, it is impossible to prevent hit and run crime.

The Lawyer Referral Service gave me your name and phone number; because, I needed a lawyer to tell me **which court-form I should file for my criminal case**. On the phone, you declined to give me the legal information I desperately needed and willing to pay for. I wrote you a letter, dated March 26, 2012. You failed to respond, disregarding the legal consequences of it.

According to the Law, every member of the public has a duty to reveal any information necessary for the punishment of criminal offenders, provided they are mentally-healthy and they know the information. This is UN-WRITTEN LAW; because, it is not necessary to write down and promulgate it. Every honourable member of the public knows and obeys it.

**Please** let me know, if there is any WRITTEN LAW that exempts you, as a lawyer, from the duty of providing me with the name of the legal-form that is necessary for preventing hit and run crime in our community. Thanks in advance.

Sincerely,

# PUBLIC DOCUMENT FINAL NOTICE

Max Wolpert, Lawyer 2008-4330 Kingsway, Burnaby, BC V5H 4G7

#### Dear Mr. Wolpert,

I informed you many times that as a victim of potentially fatal hit and run crime, I have a **duty to file a criminal action** against my offender; otherwise, it is impossible to prevent hit and run crime.

Likewise, every member of the public has a duty to reveal any information necessary for the punishment of criminal offenders.

Inconsistent with your legal and civic obligations, you refused to give me the name of the legal-form that is absolutely necessary to launch criminal action and crime prevention.

In my letter dated May 29, 2012, I asked you if there is any statutory or administrative rule that exempts you from the duty of providing me with the name of the legal-form that is necessary for preventing hit and run crime in our community. Nevertheless, you failed to respond to a legal document, even though you were aware of the consequences of it.

Your failure to respond to my letter is an indication of the fact that there is no written rule that exempts you, as a lawyer, from the duty of providing legal service to a victim of crime.

For a lawyer, refusing to provide legal information that is necessary for launching criminal action and crime prevention may amount to obstruction of justice, because it is impossible to administer justice as long as there is no case before the Court.

Therefore, for the last time, I kindly request the name of the legal-form that is necessary for launching a criminal action in the Supreme Court of British Columbia. Please; I desperately need it and I am willing to pay for it.

Sincerely,

## MICHAEL GOLDEN

Law Corporation

Michael Golden Barrister & Solicitor Max Wolpert Barrister & Solicitor

> 2008-4330 Kingsway Burnaby, British Columbia Canada, V5H 4G7

Tel: (604) 439-2420 Fax: (604) 435-2059

e-mail:

info@michaelgoldenlawyer.com www.michaelgoldenlawyer.com

July 24, 2012

Ron Korkut 5249 Laurel Street Burnaby, BC V5G 1N1

Dear Mr. Korkut:

#### Re: Public Documents

I enclose three documents that explain the procedure and policies around private prosecutions in British Columbia. Please note the information about the "process hearing" and the policy of the BC Ministry of Attorney General that they will try to block most private prosecutions.

The name of the legal form necessary for launching a private criminal prosecution is an "Information". This form may be requested at the office of a Justice of the Peace at any criminal courthouse. A copy is enclosed for your information.

Yours truly,

Max Wolpert

MW:tr Encls.

The following is submitted as general information only, and not legal advice of any kind. If you wish to file a <u>Private Prosecution</u> in your jurisdiction, it would be in your best interest to consult a referral lawyer [check Lawyer referral in your yellow pages], or research the subject at a local law library.

If you have **reasonable grounds** to believe **an offence** has been committed contrary to a provincial or federal statute [i.e. Criminal Code of Canada], a regulation made under that statute, or a municipal bylaw, you may prosecute the offender yourself. Before launching a private prosecution, you may want to make a complaint to the police. If the police refuse to lay charges and you believe there is enough evidence of an offence to support a conviction, you may lay your own charges.

Prosecutions consist of five (5) basic parts:

- S
- Laying the information
- issuing the summons
- **%**
- serving the summons
- setting the trial date
  - the trial

#### 1. Laying the Information

The first step is to go to a justice of the peace (JP) at your local court and sign a form on which you set out the details of the alleged offence. This form is called an "information," and you are referred to as the "informant." The JP then asks you to swear that this statement is true, and the JP signs his or her name as a witness. This process is called "swearing the information." Formal charges have now been laid.

Draft the charges with care, because inaccurate information may hurt your chances of a successful prosecution. Often the JP will draft the charges for you, or you may wish to fill out the form with the help of a lawyer. Here are some tips:

The forms used for provincial offences are different from those for federal offences, so be sure you get the right one.

Be sure to lay the information promptly. Under the Ontario Provincial Offences Act and the summary conviction provisions of the Criminal Code, you have only six months from the time an offence occurred to lay the charges. Some statutes have shorter or longer limitation periods.

Be precise. It is safest to follow the wording of the statute describing the offence (e.g., the Highway Traffic Act) as closely as possible.

State the specific date and place where the offence occurred, and give the name of the accused in full. If the accused is a corporation, use the full corporate name.

When the information relates to more than one breach of the law, set out each offence in a separate "count" (separately numbered paragraphs each setting out all the details of one offence).

When laying charges under the Highway Traffic Act against the registered owner of a motor vehicle, set out not only the section of the Act that was violated but also that the violation occurred contrary to section 207, the section that makes the owner liable for violations by the driver.

#### 2. Issuing the Summons

The JP has no discretion in swearing the information – he or she can't refuse to do it. However, the JP does have discretion not to take the next step: issuing the summons to the accused. The summons is a copy of the information that also states the time and place where the accused must appear to answer the charges.

JPs are mainly used to issuing summonses for the police, and some JPs may be reluctant to issue a summons requested by a private citizen. The JP can ask you probing questions, so it is advisable to be well prepared when you visit the JP to swear the information, and even to bring a lawyer with you if you anticipate difficulty.

If the JP issues the summons, he or she will usually make it "returnable" in about two to four weeks' time. At least two weeks should be allowed, so there is enough to serve the summons on the accused. The "return date" will not be the trial date, but the **date when** the prosecutor and the accused appear in court to set a date for the trial.

#### 3. Serving the Summons on the Accused

Serving the summons means delivering the summons to the accused. Serving a summons is generally valid only if it is done by a designated person – usually a police officer. [The staff of the county and district sheriff's offices are also peace officers, and for a fee they may serve summonses for you. Give them the summons as early as possible and follow up with them to check that the summons has been filed.]

To be on the safe side, it's a good idea to also personally deliver or mail a copy of the summons to the accused. Even though the accused is not required to respond, many people do not know this and will come to court. Once the accused or his or her lawyer appears in court, the accused is bound by the summons, even if he or she need not have appeared.

Once a summons has been served, the person who served it must fill out and sign an "affidavit of service" on the back of a copy of the summons. This affidavit sets out the identity of the person served with the summons, and the time and place the summons was served. It is then up to you to make sure the copy of the summons with its affidavit of service is filed in the proper court before the return date (this will mean chasing up the police officer or whoever served the summons).

#### 4. Setting the Trial Date

On the return date, the informant and the accused or their lawyers meet to set a trial date. Choose a date far enough away to give you time to prepare, and to give the accused written notice of all the documents you intend to use as evidence. (Otherwise the documents may be inadmissible.) Also make sure you choose a date when all your witnesses are available.

The court will set a trial date and adjourn the case to that day.

If the accused does not turn up on the return date, the court will go ahead anyway and

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## Previous Issues

Vol. 19 No. 3 Year 2004

Launching a Private Prosecution

By James Mallet Staff Counsel **Environmental Law Centre** 

A private prosecution is a legal action brought in the criminal courts for a violation of the Criminal Code1, another federal or provincial law, or a municipal bylaw. This article addresses two key steps in a private prosecution: laying an information and participating in a process hearing.

Laying an information

Any individual has the right to appear before a Justice of the Peace (JP) or Provincial Court Judge to lay an information, which is a document alleging that a person or organization committed an offence at a particular time and place.2

An information may only be laid where the informant has "reasonable grounds to believe" the allegations are true.3 It is preferable for the information to be laid by a person with firsthand knowledge of the alleged offence. However, a person who has received credible evidence of a suspected offence from a person who does have personal knowledge, or from reasonable, authentic documents such as monitoring results, may also have "reasonable grounds to believe".

Commencing a prosecution is a serious matter, as it exposes the alleged offender to the possibility of criminal penalties and the stigma of as yet unproven charges. It is therefore important to gather the basic evidence needed to support the charge before laying an information. This may include lab analysis of properly collected samples, any relevant documentary evidence, and the testimony of witnesses.

The process hearing

At the time an information is received, a time will normally be set for a process hearing. The purpose of the hearing is for the Judge or JP to determine whether there is any evidence on each of the essential elements of the offence.

If the Judge or JP is satisfied with the evidence and that the charges were not brought for an improper purpose, he or she will issue "process" compelling the appearance of the accused.4 This is done by issuing a summons requiring the accused to appear before the Court at a specified date and time to answer to the charges.5

It is likely that, in spite of recent amendments to the Code, the public will continue to be excluded from process hearings (they will be held in camera).6

The Criminal Code no longer expressly requires that process hearings on private informations be held in the absence of the accused (ex parte).7 Although there is no requirement to notify the accused of the hearing, doing so is advisable as a matter of courtesy unless there is a reason to exclude the accused. However, if the accused is present, the Judge or JP may give the accused the opportunity to address the court.

The judicial officer is required to issue process if he or she considers that a case is made out.8 However, recent changes to the *Criminal Code9* authorize a judge or designated justice of the peace to issue process only where he or she

- a) has heard and considered the allegations of the informant and the evidence of witnesses;
  b) is satisfied that the Attorney General10 has received a copy of the information;
  c) is satisfied that the Attorney General has received reasonable notice of the hearing under

- d) has given the Attorney General an opportunity to attend the hearing under paragraph (a) and to cross-examine and call witnesses and to present any relevant evidence at the hearing.11

The informant will therefore need to give the provincial Attorney General reasonable notice of the hearing. Notice should be given as soon as possible, and it is suggested that where a violation of federal law is alleged the Attorney General of Canada also be notified.



If, after the process hearing, the Judge or JP refuses to issue process, no other process hearing may be held with respect to the alleged offence unless there is new evidence to support it.12 The informant may no longer simply take either the existing (or a newly sworn) information before another Judge or JP with the same evidence. However, the judicial officer must provide brief reasons for refusing process.13

The need for legal assistance

The informant has the right to lay an information and conduct a process hearing without a lawyer. However, the assistance of a lawyer is important to ensuring your information meets legal requirements, and to ensuring you have sufficient evidence to convince a Judge or JP to issue process. If possible, it is strongly advisable to have a lawyer present at the process hearing to present your evidence and answer any questions.

Note: The second edition of *Enforcing Environmental Law: A Guide to Private Prosecution* will be published by the Environmental Law Centre in December, 2004.

1 R.S.C. 1985, c. C-46.
2 Ibid., s. 504.
3 Ibid.
4 R. v. Devereaux, [1966] 4 C.C.C. 147 (Ont. C.A.).
5 Criminal Code, supra note 1, s. 507.1(2).
6 Southam Inc. v. Coulter, (1990), 60 C.C.C. (3d) 267 (Ont. C.A.).
7 Criminal Code, supra note 1, s. 507.1.
8 Criminal Code, bid, s. 507.1(2).
9 Arı Act to Amend the Criminal Code and to Amend Other Acts, S.C. 2002, c. 13 (proclaimed in force July 23, 2002).
10 The provincial Attomey General: Criminal Code, supra note 1, s. 2.
11 Criminal Code, supra note 1, s. 507.1(3).
12 Criminal Code, ibid, s. 507.1(7).
13 R. v. Maitland (1984), 42 C.R. (3d) 206 (Ont. H.C.J.).

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# CROWN COUNSEL POLICY MANUAL

ARCS/ORCS FILE NUMBER:	EFFECTIVE DATE:	POLICY CODE:
55340-00	November 18, 2005	PRI 1
SUBJECT:		CROSS-REFERENCE:
Private Prosecutions	CHA 1 CHA 1.1 ADH 1 SPE 1	

#### **POLICY**

Generally, Branch policy does not permit a private prosecution to proceed. Crown Counsel will usually take conduct of the prosecution or direct a stay of proceedings after making a charge assessment decision.

When Crown Counsel receives notice of a process hearing for a private prosecution under section 507.1(3) of the *Criminal Code*, Crown Counsel should consider the guidelines below on whether to attend the hearing in order to carry out the functions enumerated in that provision.

It is the intent of Parliament that the justice system should not be burdened with vexatious litigation and that innocent persons should be protected from the stigma of having to appear in court wherever possible.

The right of the Attorney General to appear at a process hearing for a private prosecution is an indication of the useful role that Crown Counsel can play in assisting the Court, as recognized by Parliament.

Crown Counsel should generally appear at the hearing in order to hear the evidence of the informant.

After hearing the evidence of the informant, if it appears to Crown Counsel that there is not a reasonable prospect that process will issue (i.e. there is not a prima facie case consisting of some evidence on all essential elements of the charge) and that the participation of Crown Counsel will assist the Court in determining that issue, then Crown Counsel should participate in the hearing, which may include cross-examining the informant and any witnesses called by the informant, calling witnesses, presenting evidence and making submissions, as appropriate.

Also, in the situation described above, where it appears to Crown Counsel that all of the relevant evidence is not before the Court, consideration should be given to seeking an adjournment of the hearing in order to have a police investigation conducted in order to identify additional evidence and bring it before the Court.

If it appears to Crown Counsel that process is likely to issue (bearing in mind the very low threshold of a prima facie case), Crown Counsel should seek an adjournment of the hearing in order to have the allegation of the informant investigated by the police or other investigative agency. This is to allow Crown Counsel to be in a position to conclude a charge assessment decision promptly if process issues on the conclusion of the hearing.

Given the limited role that Crown Counsel can play in cases where it appears that process is likely to issue, the participation of Crown Counsel in the process hearing beyond requesting an adjournment should be limited, unless some further assistance is required by the Court. In this situation, Crown Counsel should bear in mind the need to ensure that the objectivity and impartiality of any subsequent charge assessment decision is not put at risk by Crown Counsel having taken a position on the merits of the allegation at the process hearing.

Where a process hearing has concluded with the issuance of process (including where the Court has declined a request for an adjournment by Crown Counsel), Crown Counsel should consult with Regional or Deputy Regional Crown Counsel and, unless directed otherwise, should follow the procedure below regarding requesting an investigation and making a charge assessment decision.

Where it has been decided that Crown Counsel will not attend the hearing, the Court should be advised.

Where appropriate, Regional Crown Counsel should consult with the Assistant Deputy Attorney General as to whether this policy should be applied by outside counsel or a special prosecutor (under policies ADH 1 or SPE 1, respectively).

Where a peace officer is charged on a private information, Crown Counsel should ensure that the relevant police force is notified as soon as notice of the process hearing is received.

#### **DISCUSSION**

<u>Procedure Where Section 507.1 Process Hearing on a Private Prosecution Has Resulted in the Issuance of Process</u>

- 1. Where a section 507.1 process hearing on a private prosecution has concluded with the issuance of process and Crown Counsel has not already requested an investigation and made a charge assessment decision, Crown Counsel should obtain a copy of the Information and particulars placed before the judge or justice including statements, documents and photographs, and should consider whether to request the police to interview the informant.
- 2. Crown Counsel should obtain a transcript of the process hearing.

- 3. If an investigation has not already been conducted, Crown Counsel should request the police or the appropriate investigative agency to conduct an investigation or to consider whether an investigation is warranted.
- 4. All material and the result of any investigation should be reviewed and the usual charge assessment standard applied under the charge assessment policy CHA 1.
- 5. Crown Counsel should consult with Regional Crown Counsel on completion of the charge assessment process and a decision should be made as to whether the charge will be prosecuted by Crown Counsel or a stay of proceedings will be directed, or otherwise.
- 6. The informant should be advised of the charge assessment decision as soon as possible.

#### Attendance by Crown Counsel at Process Hearings on Private Prosecutions

Section 507.1 of the *Criminal Code* requires a justice who receives an Information laid by a private informant to refer it to a provincial court judge or a designated justice who shall consider whether to compel the appearance of the accused to answer the charge on the Information. Subsection (3)(a) requires that the judge or designated justice may issue a summons or a warrant only if he or she has heard and considered the allegations of the informant <u>and</u> the evidence of witnesses.

Subsection (3)(d) provides that the judge or designated justice may issue process only if he or she "has given the Attorney General an opportunity to attend the hearing under paragraph (a) and to cross-examine and call witnesses and to present any relevant evidence at the hearing."

Subsection (5) provides that, if the judge or designated justice does not issue process to compel the appearance of the accused on the Information, and the informant has not commenced proceedings to compel process within six months, the Information is deemed never to have been laid.

These provisions provide a judicial screening process so that the justice system is not burdened with vexatious litigation and innocent persons are protected from the stigma of having to appear in court on such matters.

At the process hearing, Crown Counsel, as an officer of the Court, assists the Court in it's determination as to whether a case for issuing process is made out (ie. whether there is a *prima facie* case) by cross examining the informant or the informant's witnesses, calling witnesses, presenting any relevant evidence or making submissions.

The role of Crown Counsel at the process hearing is separate from the subsequent role of Crown Counsel in the independent and impartial exercise of prosecutorial discretion on making the decision as to whether to approve a charge and proceed with a prosecution. Section 2 of the *Crown Counsel Act* provides:

The Branch has the following functions and responsibilities:

(a) to approve and conduct, on behalf of the Crown, all prosecutions of offences in British Columbia;

Section 4(3) of the Crown Counsel Act provides:

Subject to the directions of the ADAG or another Crown counsel designated by the ADAG, each Crown counsel is authorized to:

(a) examine all relevant information and documents and, following the examination, to approve for prosecution any offence or offences that he or she considers appropriate...

#### General

The relationship between the private citizen, as prosecutor, and the Attorney General, who has exclusive authority to represent the public in court, has been described as follows:

The right of a private citizen to lay an Information, and the right and duty of the Attorney General to supervise criminal prosecutions are both fundamental parts of our criminal justice system.

The right of a citizen to institute a prosecution for a breach of the law has been called a valuable constitutional safeguard against inertia or partiality on the part of authority.

The Owen Report (Discretion to Prosecute Inquiry) states that the major importance of private prosecution "is that it places into public view the decision-making process. If charges are to be stayed or withdrawn, then this will be done in public." Consistent with this policy, the Owen Report also recommended (Recommendation #2):

That the prosecution of an indictable offence should not be left in private hands. Where a private prosecution has been initiated, the Crown should intervene to take over the conduct of it. The Crown should then apply its standard charge approval criteria and process to determine whether the prosecution should be stayed or continued. This is necessary to ensure that a single standard of charge approval is applied and that prosecutorial power is exercised only in the public interest.

#### FORM 2

(Sections 506 and 788)

#### **INFORMATION**

Canada,	
Province of,	
(territorial division).	
This is the information of C.D., of, (occupation), herein	after called the informant
The informant says that (if the informant has no personal knowledge on reasonable grounds and state the offence).	ge state that he believes
Sworn before me this day of, A.D, at	
	(Signature of Informant)
A Justice of the Peace In and for	
Note: The date of birth of the accused may be mentioned on the in	formation or indictment.

#### **PUBLIC DOCUMENT**

Max Wolpert, Lawyer 2008-4330 Kingsway, Burnaby, BC V5H 4G7

Dear Mr. Wolpert,

Re. Your letter dated July 24, 2012.

Thanks for responding to my letter dated July 18, 2012. Nevertheless, I do not need a legal form to provide information about a crime. I do need a legal-form to launch a criminal action in the Supreme Court of British Columbia; because, as a victim of potentially fatal hit and run crime, I have a duty to file a criminal action against my offender; otherwise, it is impossible to prevent hit and run crime.

Would you please, provide me with the legal information I desperately need to fulfill my duty to resist hit and run crime that kills dozens of innocent citizens in our Province, every year? I am willing to pay for it.

Sincerely,

Nathan Ganapathi, Lawyer 302-1224 Hamilton St. Vancouver, BC V6B 2S8

#### Mr. Ganapathi,

Lawyer Referral Service gave me your name and phone number. On the phone, I told you that I was a **victim of potentially fatal hit and run crime** and had an obligation to take my case to the Court of Law. Otherwise, it is impossible to prevent hit and run crime that kills dozens of innocent citizens in our province, every year.

To take my case to the Supreme Court of British Columbia, I have to know, which legal form to be filed for criminal actions. I am NOT looking for a lawyer to retain for legal advice or take my case; because, my case is a very simple one:

I have the conclusive evidence of the fact that, ICBC assumed the liability of the hit and run criminal who offended me and provided financial benefit to him, under the name of "accident insurance benefits". The Court must decide, if this business practice is lawful of not.

As an ordinary citizen, you have an obligation to provide me with any information you know to facilitate the punishment of my offender. As a lawyer, it is impossible that you do not know or have access to the information I need.

Please let me know the information I desperately need and willing to pay for, or the reason for not doing so. Thanks for your cooperation.

Sincerely,

Nathan Ganapathi, Lawyer 302-1224 Hamilton St. Vancouver, BC V6B 2S8

#### Mr. Ganapathi,

Thanks for responding to my letter dated May 9, 2012, by email. Would you mind sending me a signed copy of your email, please? I am willing to pay for it.

Sincerely,

#### ron korkut

From:

Nathan Ganapathi [Nathan@ganapathico.com]

Sent:

May-14-12 5:02 PM ron@ethicsfirst.ca

To: Subject:

Your letter of may 9, 2012

Thank you for your letter dated May 9, 2012 following our earlier telephone discussion.

When a possible crime is reported to an investigative agency like the police, or the agency itself identifies a possible crime, the agency will investigate and decide whether the incident warrants forwarding a report to Crown counsel (RCC) B.C.'s prosecution service seeking that a charge or charges be laid. If you have not filed a police report, you should do so right away however, I believe that you have done so.

Thereafter, police send a RCC to Crown Counsel if they conclude a crime has been committed. They have an element of prosecutorial discretion in that you cannot compel the police to send an RCC to Crown counsel if they decline to do so. Most categories of offences are the responsibility of B.C.'s prosecution service. At times, police also ask Crown counsel for criminal law legal advice before submitting their RCC for a variety of reasons; however, they have no obligation to do so and do not always do so.

When B.C. prosecutors (Crown counsel) receive a RCC from police or another investigative agency, they assess whether charges should be laid against the person or persons named in the RCC after reading all of the information supplied by the police. In British Columbia, the prosecution service, not police, is almost always responsible for approving the laying of formal charges.

I appears that in your case, either the police have not sent an RCC to Crown counsel or Crown counsel have decided against the laying of a criminal charge. There might be a large number of reasons for this and it is difficult to guess at why there have been no charges laid. You should ask a supervisor in the Crown counsel office why no charge was laid if you believe that they received a RCC or, a police supervisor if no RCC was forwarded by the police to Crown counsel.

You may however have one more option: That is to commence a private prosecution by attending at the Provincial Court Registry closest to where the alleged offence occurred and swear an Information (the document that initiates a criminal proceeding). The proper form of an Information and other guidelines for private prosecutions can be found online in the Criminal Code of Canada. The index of any Criminal Code will be of assistance to you if you look up Information and private prosecution.

However, most private prosecutions end when they first appears in court. Crown counsel intervene and direct a stay of proceedings or, alternatively, otherwise assume conduct of the matter.

We are not aware of any other or different forms in the Supreme Court of B.C. although, as we are not retained by you, we have not followed this up with any research. You might try attending at the Criminal desk in the Supreme Court Registry and the staff there may be of assistance to you.

Nathan Ganapathi

If, on the other hand, your desire is to take ICBC to court to decid

Nathan Ganapathi, Lawyer 302-1224 Hamilton St. Vancouver, BC V6B 2S8

#### Mr. Ganapathi,

Thanks for responding to my letter dated May 15, 2012, by email. Would you mind sending me a signed copy of your email (attached), please? I am willing to pay for it.

Sincerely,

You may however have one more option: That is to commence a private prosecution by attending at the Provincial Court Registry closest to where the alleged offence occurred and swear an Information (the document that initiates a criminal proceeding). The proper form of an Information and other guidelines for private prosecutions can be found online in the Criminal Code of Canada. The index of any Criminal Code will be of assistance to you if you look up Information and private prosecution.

However, most private prosecutions end when they first appears in court. Crown counsel intervene and direct a stay of proceedings or, alternatively, otherwise assume conduct of the matter.

We are not aware of any other or different forms in the Supreme Court of Canada although, as we are not retained by you, we have not followed this up with any research. You might try attending at the Criminal desk in the Supreme Court Registry and the staff there may be of assistance to you.

If, on the other hand, your desire is to take ICBC to court to decide if a business practice of theirs is lawful or not, that is quite a different matter and you should seek the advice of a lawyer well versed in Administrative Law.

Otherwise, we feel obliged to point out that what you set out as conclusive very likely is not. You seem to be embarking on at least one very complex legal matter for which you should have counsel. You have said that you are willing to pay for legal advice. We recommend that you do just that, retain counsel because if you commence legal matters improperly, you will likely prejudice or hurt your case by dong so and this kind of prejudice may be very difficult and expensive, or impossible to undo.

We appreciate your interest in our firm and look forward to hearing from you if you wish to retain us to look at your predicament in more detail.

Nathan Ganapathi"

Ganapathi and Company Barristers & Solicitors Suite 302 - 1224 Hamilton Street Vancouver, B.C. V6B 2S8

Tel: (604) 689-9222 Fax: (604) 689-4888

#### ron korkut

From:

Nathan Ganapathi [Nathan@ganapathico.com]

Sent: To: May-17-12 2:29 PM ron@ethicsfirst.ca

Ron,

Thank you for your letter and enclosure dated May 15, 2012.

I see from the enclosure (print out of my e-mail to you dated May 14, 2012), that some of the text of that e-mail was inadvertently cut off.

I've inserted it below. My apologies.

I have provided you with as much summary advice as possible without knowing the full particulars of your case.

Therefore, at this juncture, you should retain counsel to deal with the specifics of your matter. If you wish to retain me, please call to arrange an appointment to meet and discuss your case further as required by protocol.

"Thank you for your letter dated May 9, 2012 following our earlier telephone discussion.

When a possible crime is reported to an investigative agency like the police, or the agency itself identifies a possible crime, the agency will investigate and decide whether the incident warrants forwarding a report to Crown counsel (RCC) to B.C.'s prosecution service seeking that a charge or charges be laid. If you have not filed a police report, you should do so right away however, I believe that you have done so.

Thereafter, police send a RCC to Crown Counsel if they conclude a crime has been committed. They have an element of prosecutorial discretion in that you cannot compel the police to send an RCC to Crown counsel if they decline to do so. Most categories of offences are the responsibility of B.C.'s prosecution service. At times, police also ask Crown counsel for criminal law legal advice before submitting their RCC for a variety of reasons however, they have no obligation to do so and do not always do so.

When B.C. prosecutors (Crown counsel) receive a RCC from police or another investigative agency, they assess whether charges should be laid against the person or persons named in the RCC after reading all of the information supplied by the police. In British Columbia, the prosecution service, not police, is almost always responsible for approving the laying of formal charges.

It appears that in your case, either the police have not sent an RCC to Crown counsel or Crown counsel have decided against the laying of a criminal charge. There might be a large number of reasons for this and it is difficult to guess at why there have been no charges laid. You should ask a supervisor in the Crown counsel office why no charge was laid if you believe that they receive a RCC or, a police supervisor if no RCC was forwarded by the police to Crown counsel.

# PUBLIC DOCUMENT FINAL NOTICE

Nathan Ganapathi, Lawyer 302-1224 Hamilton St. Vancouver, BC V6B 2S8

#### Mr. Ganapathi,

I informed you many times that as a victim of potentially fatal hit and run crime, I have a **duty to file a criminal action** against my offender; otherwise, it is impossible to prevent hit and run crime.

Likewise, every member of the public has a duty to reveal any information necessary for the punishment of criminal offenders.

Inconsistent with your legal and civic obligations, you refused to give me the name of the legal-form that is absolutely necessary to launch criminal action and crime prevention.

For a lawyer, refusing to provide legal information that is necessary for launching criminal action and crime prevention may amount to obstruction of justice, because it is impossible to administer justice as long as there is no case before the Court.

Therefore, for the last time, I kindly request the name of the **legal-form that is necessary for launching a criminal action** in the Supreme Court of British Columbia. Please; I desperately need it and I am willing to pay for it.

Sincerely,

#### PUBLIC DOCUMENT

Nathan Ganapathi, Lawyer 302-1224 Hamilton St. Vancouver, BC V6B 2S8

#### Mr. Ganapathi,

In your letter, dated July 23, 2012, you stated that: "I am perfectly willing to be your lawyer but there is a protocol to be followed."

I am, also willing to pay the requirements of the *protocol to be followed* and retain you for the legal-service of **providing me with the information necessary to launch a criminal action in the Supreme Court of British Columbia**; because, I desperately need that information to fulfill my duty to seek justice as a victim of hit and run crime. Please let me know.

Sincerely,

## GANAPATHI AND COMPANY

BARRISTERS & SOLICITORS
NATHAN S. GANAPATHI PERSONAL LAW CORPORATION

July 23, 2012

Our File: 6554

Ron Korkut 5249 Laurel Street Burnaby, B.C. V5G 1N1

Dear Sir:

### Re: "Public Document Final Notice"

Thank you for your letter dated July 18, 2012.

We have communicated on several occasions before but you appear to have difficulty understanding my letters. As I have previously stated, I am perfectly willing to be your lawyer but there is a protocol to be followed.

I confirm that I have invited you to my office for a meeting; however you have not acted upon my invitation. I again ask that you come to my office to retain me. Please bring proper government issued picture identification when you come. When we meet, I would be happy to advise you further. In the meantime, please cease issuing threats to me.

Having been a victim of crime, you should report the matter to the police right away and I confirm that I have previously advised you to do that as well.

Yours truly,

**GANAPATHI AND COMPANY** 

per:

Nathan S.Ganapathi

/st

Misc.6554.Ltrs.2012.Ltr.2.RonKorkut

#### ron korkut

From:

Lorna O'Grady [logrady@bccba.org]

Sent:

June-08-12 4:48 PM

To: Cc: 'ron@ethicsfirst.ca' Lawyer Referral

Subject:

Criminal law

Hi Ron:

Below is a link to the Legal Services Society website and information on criminal law. http://www.lss.bc.ca/assets/pubs/ifYouCantGetLawyerCriminalTrial.pdf

I am copying the lawyer referral service in this email to request that they get in contact with a criminal law Lawyer to find out if there is a form you can get to file a criminal charge yourself and to get back to you with The answer.

As I suggest you contact Pro Bono Access and ask them if they know of such a form. Client Line: 604.878.7400 or 1.877.762.6664 (toll-free) You can also send a message by clicking on the link below. http://www.accessjustice.ca/mobile/

Thank you.

Regards, Lorna O'Grady **Director of Finance & Administration** 

The Canadian Bar Association, BC Branch 10th Floor, 845 Cambie Street Vancouver, BC V6B 5T3

Telephone: 604.646.7858 or 1.888.687.3404 x 309

Fax: 604.669.9601 or 1.877.669.9601

Email: logrady@bccba.org

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Sune 21 3.30 some one phoned

**April 16, 2012** 

Caroline Nevin, MBA, CAE CBA, Executive Director 10<sup>th</sup> Floor 845 Cambie Street Vancouver, BC V6B 5T3

## Mrs. Nevin,

I am a victim of potentially fatal hit and run crime committed under the liability of ICBC. I have the conclusive evidence of that ICBC provided financial support the offender, but refused to pay my non-pecuniary damages. The police did not charge the offender or ICBC, even though the offender admitted his wrong in his statement. As a victim of the crime, I have **legal obligation to take this case to the Court and see the justice is done**, because hundreds of innocent people are being killed, injured and crippled for life by hit and run criminals, in our Province, every year. It is impossible to stop crime, if the criminals are rewarded under the name "accident insurance benefits" and lawyers help criminals by refusing to provide legal advice to the victims of crime.

To file a criminal action against my offenders, I needed to know which legal form must be filed in the Supreme of British Columbia. I phoned Lawyer Referral Service. They referred me to ten lawyers. They all refused to tell which form is required for criminal cases. I offered \$1500 to Michael McCubbin; I paid \$25 to Yaro Gavrylko; they did not provide me with the information I needed. After ten referrals, Lawyer Referral Service refused to help me, arguing that their lawyers only help the offenders not the victims. The attendant refused to give me her name and hung up on me. That is the reason why I am writing to you.

I would like to know, if it is standard procedure that your phone attendants provide only 10 names and refuse to help after that? Please let me know the rule she was acting on. If the rule does not exist, I will conclude that Canadian Bar Association discriminated against me and impeded my access to natural justice.

Sincerely,

May 5, 2012

Caroline Nevin, MBA, CAE CBA, Executive Director 10<sup>th</sup> Floor 845 Cambie Street Vancouver, BC V6B 5T3

## Mrs. Nevin,

I am a victim of potentially fatal hit and run crime committed under the liability of ICBC. I have the conclusive evidence of that ICBC provided financial support to the offender, but refused to pay my non-pecuniary damages. The police did not charge the offender or ICBC, even though the offender admitted his wrong in his statement. As a victim of the crime, I have **legal obligation to take this case to the Court and see the justice is done**, because hundreds of innocent people are being killed, injured and crippled for life by hit and run criminals, in our Province, every year. It is impossible to stop crime, if the criminals are rewarded under the name "accident insurance benefits" and lawyers help criminals by refusing to provide legal advice to the victims of crime.

To file a criminal action against my offenders, I needed to know which legal form must be filed in the Supreme of British Columbia. I phoned Lawyer Referral Service. They referred me to ten lawyers. They all refused to tell which form is required for criminal cases. I offered \$1500 to Michael McCubbin; I paid \$25 to Yaro Gavrylko; they did not provide me with the information I needed. After ten referrals, Lawyer Referral Service refused to help me, arguing that their lawyers only help the offenders not the victims. The attendant refused to give me her name and hung up on me. That is the reason why I am writing to you.

I would like to know, if it is standard procedure that your phone attendants provide only 10 names and refuse to help after that? Please let me know the rule she was acting on. If the rule does not exist, I will conclude that Canadian Bar Association discriminated against me and impeded my access to natural justice.

Sincerely,

May 27, 2012

Caroline Nevin, MBA, CAE CBA, Executive Director 10<sup>th</sup> Floor 845 Cambie Street Vancouver, BC V6B 5T3

## Mrs. Nevin,

I have not received any response from you regarding my letter dated May 5, 2012. Please answer my question:

Is there any administrative rule that restricts the Lawyer Referral Service so that they cannot provide more than ten referrals?

If not; please instruct them, so that they refer me to lawyers until I find the name of the legal-form required for filing criminal actions. Otherwise, my offenders will get away without being punished for a potentially fatal hit and run crime.

Thanks for your help.

Sincerely,

June 17, 2012

#### **PUBLIC DOCUMENT**

Caroline Nevin, MBA, CAE CBA, Executive Director 10<sup>th</sup> Floor 845 Cambie Street Vancouver, BC V6B 5T3

Mrs. Nevin,

I have not received an answer to my question I asked you in my letter dated May 25, 2012.

Is there any administrative rule that restricts the Lawyer Referral Service so that they cannot provide more than ten referrals?

If not, I would like to get more referrals until I find the name of the legal-form required for filing criminal actions. As a victim of potentially fatal hit and run crime, I MUST file a criminal action against my offender.

Thanks for your help.

Sincerely,

July 17, 2012

## PUBLIC DOCUMENT FINAL REQUEST

Caroline Nevin, MBA, CAE CBA, Executive Director 10<sup>th</sup> Floor 845 Cambie Street Vancouver, BC V6B 5T3

Mrs. Nevin,

I have not received an answer to my question I asked you in my letter dated May 25, 2012.

Is there any administrative rule that restricts the Lawyer Referral Service so that they cannot provide more than ten referrals?

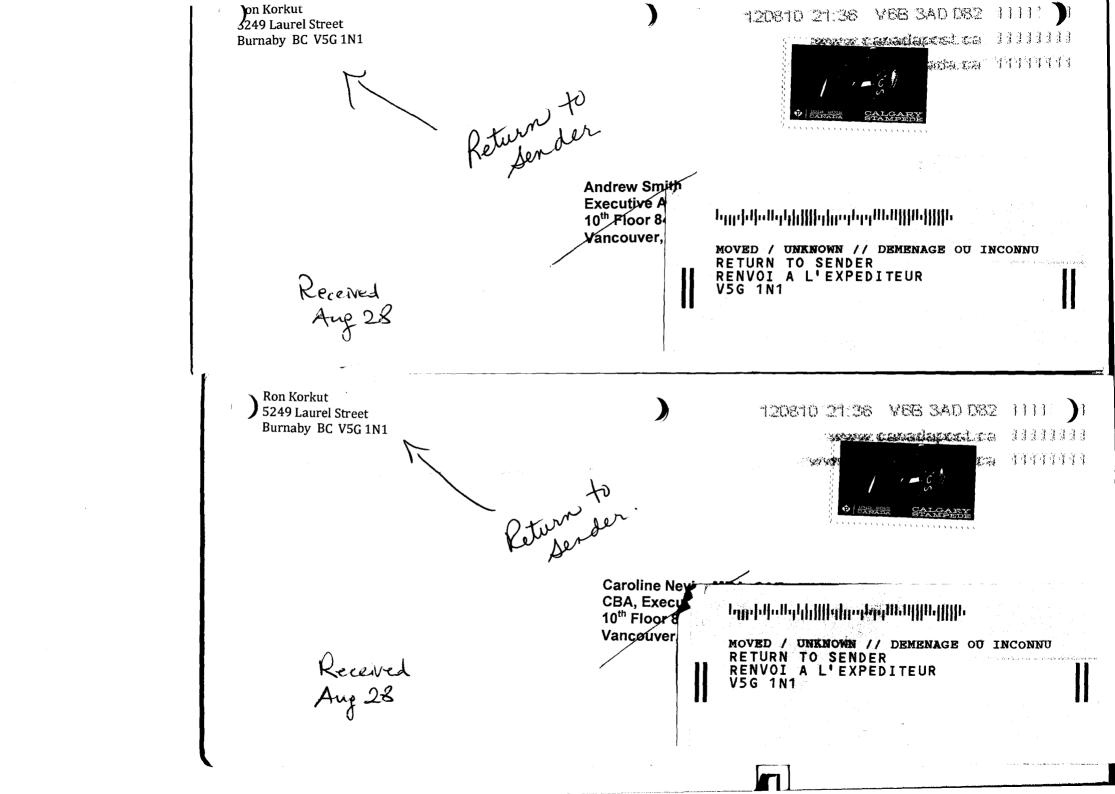
If not, I would like to get more referrals until I find the name of the legal-form required for filing criminal actions. As a victim of potentially fatal hit and run crime, I MUST file a criminal action against my offender.

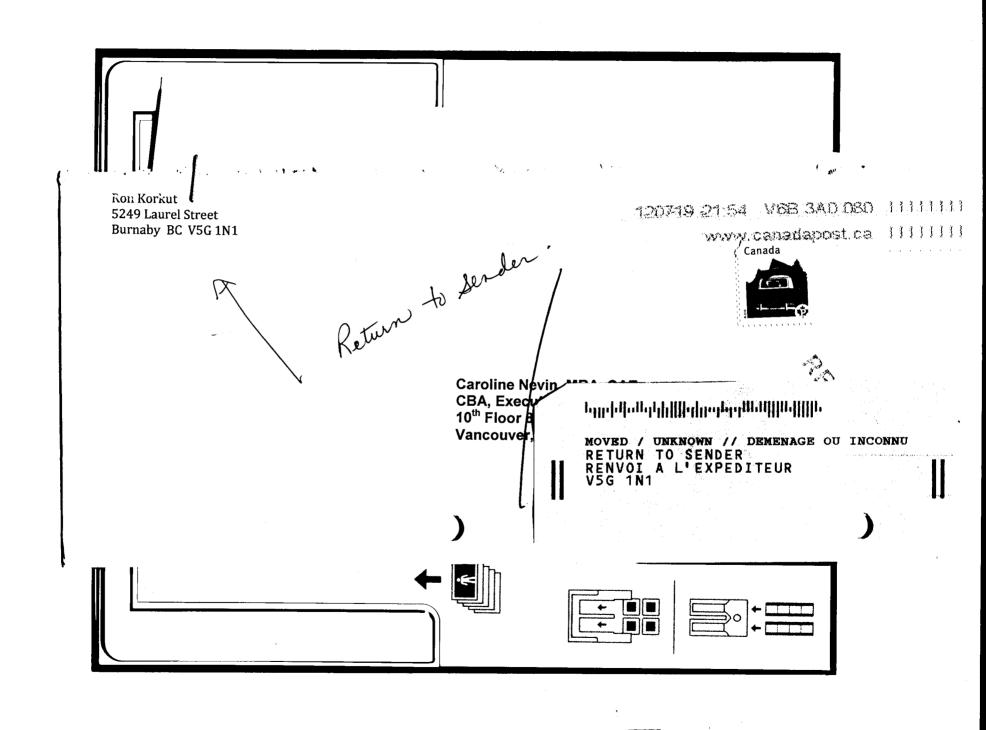
Thanks for your help.

Sincerely,

Ron Korkut

•





August 10, 2012

# PUBLIC DOCUMENT FINAL REQUEST

Caroline Nevin, MBA, CAE CBA, Executive Director 10<sup>th</sup> Floor 845 Cambie Street Vancouver, BC V6B 5T3

Mrs. Nevin,

I have not received an answer to my question I asked you in my letter dated May 25, 2012.

Is there any administrative rule that restricts the Lawyer Referral Service so that they cannot provide more than ten referrals?

If not, I would like to get more referrals until I find the name of the legal-form required for filing criminal actions. As a victim of potentially fatal hit and run crime, I MUST file a criminal action against my offender.

Thanks for your help.

Sincerely,

#### PUBLIC DOCUMENT

Andrew Smith
Executive Assistant
10<sup>th</sup> Floor 845 Cambie Street
Vancouver, BC V6B 5T3

## Dear Mr. Smith,

I am a victim of **potentially fatal hit and run crime**. Therefore, I have a duty to file criminal action against my offender. To file it, I need help from the lawyers; because, I do not know which legal-form must be filed in the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

The Lawyer Referral Service gave me ten referrals; nevertheless, none of those lawyers provided me with the name of the legal-form I desperately need and willing to pay for. Therefore, I need more referrals until I get the legal help to fulfill my duty.

I asked Caroline Nevin, if there is any administrative rule that restricts the Lawyer Referral Service to provide only ten referrals. She did not answer my question.

Would you mind helping me in this respect? If I cannot take this case to the Court, many more innocent people will be killed by hit and run criminals with impunity. My case is a perfect example of it. If I was not lucky enough to survive, I would have been one of them; my offender and his sponsor are still at large.

Please help.

Sincerely,

David J. Bilinsky, Practice Management Advisor, The Law Society of British Columbia 845 Cambie Street Vancouver, BC V6B 4Z9

Mr. Bilinsky,

If a victim of a potentially fatal hit and run crime asks a lawyer, who is a member of the Law Society in good standing, which legal-form he has to file in the Supreme of Court of British Columbia for his criminal case, under the following conditions:

- 1. The lawyer is seeking business, through the Lawyer Referral Service,
- 2. The victim is willing to pay for the service.
- 3. The lawyer is **competent** to know or find the information.
- 4. The victim has a legal obligation to take the case to the Court to seek natural justice, because the police did not charge the offender.
- 5. The victim is in desperate need for the information; because the information is not accessible for the general public and Court Registry refuses to give him the information.

Does the lawyer have ethical and professional obligation to provide the information or discourage the victim by telling him that ordinary citizens cannot file criminal action against other persons?

Please let me know in writing. Thanks in advance.

Sincerely,



April 12, 2012

#### CONFIDENTIAL

#### Sent via mail

Mr. Ron Korkut 5249 Laurel Street Burnaby BC V5G 1N1

Dear Mr. Korkut:

I am following up on your letter of April 3, 2012, referred to me by David Bilinsky.

Generally, the Law Society, as the regulator of lawyers, is not in a position to give legal advice to individual members of the public. Instead, we can recommend the BC Branch of the Canadian Bar Association's Lawyer Referral program.

However, with respect to your question, because a lawyer is not required to take on a particular matter, even if a potential client has offered to pay, potential clients sometimes must contact more than one lawyer before finding one willing to provide the requested legal services.

If you wish to make a complaint about a specific lawyer, you can make that complaint to the Law Society, and the Law Society will then investigate the facts and determine whether disciplinary procedures are warranted.

Thank you for contacting the Law Society.

Yours truly,

Alan Treleaven

Director of Education & Practice

Reply to: Direct line:

604.669-2533

Fax:

604.669-5232

E-mail:

atreleaven@lsbc.org

Alan Treleaven, Director of Education & Practice The Law Society of British Columbia 845 Cambie Street Vancouver, BC V6B 4Z9

Mr. Treleaven,

Thanks for responding to my letter dated April 3, 2012, on behalf of David Bilinsky. Nevertheless, I did **not** ask for any **legal advice** in my letter. My question was clearly related to the professional conduct of the members of the Law Society.

Regretfully, I have no choice, but repeat my question:

If a victim of a potentially fatal hit and run crime asks a lawyer, who is a member of the Law Society in good standing, which legal-form he has to file in the Supreme of Court of British Columbia for his criminal case, under the following conditions:

- 1. The lawyer is seeking business, through the Lawyer Referral Service,
- 2. The victim is willing to pay for the service.
- 3. The lawyer is **competent** to know or find the information.
- 4. The victim has a **legal obligation** to take the case to the Court to seek natural justice, because the police did not charge the offender.
- 5. The victim is in **desperate need** for the information; because the information is not accessible for the general public and Court Registry refuses to give him the information.

Does the lawyer have ethical and professional obligation to provide the information or discourage the victim by telling him that ordinary citizens cannot file criminal action against other persons?

I believe, if I make a complaint about a specific lawyer, I must know and be sure that the lawyer's conduct is in conflict with the rules of professional ethics. Otherwise, I my complaint can be treated as a foolish attempt to denigrate the credibility of an honourable member of the Law Society. Therefore, please, answer my question; I desperately need it.

Sincerely,

Ron Korkut

NOTE: My question is not confidential; therefore, confidential reply is not necessary.



April 18, 2012

### **CONFIDENTIAL**

Sent via mail

Ron Korkut 5249 Laurel Street Burnaby BC V5G 1N1

Dear Mr. Korkut:

Re: Your letter of April 15, 2012

I am following up on your letter of April 15, 2012.

A lawyer has no ethical or professional obligation to take on a particular matter, including to provide particular legal services or legal advice, even if the lawyer is listed through the Lawyer Referral Service and the potential client has offered to pay.

When a lawyer declines to take on a particular matter, including to provide particular legal services or legal advice, the member of the public may contact other lawyers to request those legal services.

Thank you once again for contacting the Law Society.

Alan Treleaven

Director of Education & Practice

Reply to: Direct line:

irect line: 604-605-5354

Fax:

604-646-5902

E-mail:

atreleaven@lsbc.org

Alan Treleaven, Director of Education & Practice The Law Society of British Columbia 845 Cambie Street Vancouver, BC V6B 4Z9

### Mr. Treleaven,

Thanks for responding to my letter dated April 15, 2012, on behalf of David Bilinsky. Nevertheless, I need the clarification of your statements:

- 1. Are you trying to say that; if I, as a victim of a potentially fatal hit and run crime, ask a lawyer, which legal-form I have to file in the Court of Law, the lawyer has no ethical or professional obligation to provide the information I desperately need for the punishment of the criminal?
- 2. What trade practitioner should I consult with; to obtain the information I need, where lawyers have no professional obligation to provide legal information to facilitate the punishment of the criminal?

Never mind the professional ethics of lawyers, every citizen has an obligation to help and provide any information they know, to a victim of a crime that is necessary for the punishment of the criminal; otherwise the criminal gets away with his/her crime. Correct me, if I am wrong.

Please answer my question in my previous letter and clarify the above mentioned points. Thanks for your cooperation.

Sincerely,

Ron Korkut

NOTE: My question is not confidential; therefore, confidential reply is not necessary. Unpredictable circumstances in the future may require the publication of these letters to prevent harm to the members of public.





May 1, 2012

#### **CONFIDENTIAL**

Sent via mail

Mr. Ron Korkut 5249 Laurel Street Burnaby BC V5G 1N1

Dear, Mr. Korkut:

Re: Your letter of April 20, 2012

I am following up on your letter of April 20, 2012, and am responding only to your questions on lawyers' obligations. A lawyer has no ethical or professional obligation to take on a particular matter, including to provide particular legal services or legal advice on the filing of legal forms, even if the lawyer is listed through the Lawyer Referral Service and the potential client has offered to pay.

You can contact more than one lawyer to request those legal services, including advice on the filing of legal forms, when a lawyer has declined to provide such a service. You could check out the Trial Lawyers Association of BC link to "Consumer Resources":

http://www.tlabc.org/index.cfm?pg=consumerResources, and look under the Legal Assistance" heading.

Alan Treleaven

Director of Education & Practice

Reply to:

Yours

Direct line: 604-605-5354

Fax: E-mail: atreleaven@lsbc.org

604-646-5902

David J. Bilinsky, Practice Management Advisor, The Law Society of British Columbia 845 Cambie Street Vancouver, BC V6B 4Z9

## Mr. Bilinsky,

In my letter dated April 3, 2012 I asked you the following question:

If a victim of a potentially fatal hit and run crime asks a lawyer, who is a member of the Law Society in good standing, which legal-form he has to file in the Supreme of Court of British Columbia for his criminal case, under the following conditions:

- 1. The lawyer is seeking business, through the Lawyer Referral Service,
- 2. The victim is willing to pay for the service.
- 3. The lawyer is **competent** to know or find the information.
- 4. The victim has a **legal obligation** to take the case to the Court to seek natural justice, because the police did not charge the offender.
- 5. The victim is in **desperate need** for the information; because the information is not accessible for the general public and Court Registry refuses to give him the information.

Does the lawyer have **ethical and professional obligation to provide the information** (that is necessary for the punishment of the criminal) or discourage the victim by telling him that ordinary citizens cannot file criminal action against other persons?

Alan Treleaven answered the above question, on your behalf, as follows:

"A lawyer has no ethical or professional obligation to take on a particular matter, including to provide particular legal services or legal advice on the filing of legal forms, even if the lawyer is listed through the Lawyer Referral Service and the potential client has offered to pay."

Do you agree that his statement is the correct answer to my question? If his answer is correct, please, also let me know which trade practitioner should I consult with; to obtain the information necessary for the punishment of the hit and run criminal who almost killed me. Thanks in advance.

Sincerely,





May 16, 2012

#### **CONFIDENTIAL**

Sent via mail

Mr. Ron Korkut 5249 Laurel Street Burnaby BC V5G 1N1

Dear. Mr. Korkut:

Re: Your letter of May 3, 2012

I am following up on your letter of May 3, 2012 to David Bilinsky, and confirm the accuracy of the advice contained in my three previous letters, including: "A lawyer has no ethical or professional obligation to take on a particular matter, including to provide particular legal services or legal advice on the filing of legal forms, even if the lawyer is listed through the Lawyer Referral Service and the potential client has offered to pay."

You could, in addition to contacting the CBA Lawyer Referral Service for the name of another lawyer, check out the Trial Lawyers Association of BC link to "Consumer Resources":

http://www.tlabc.org/index.cfm?pg=consumerResources, and look under the "Legal Assistance" heading, as I said in my letter of May 1.

Yours truly

Director of Education & Practice

Reply to:

Direct line: 604-605-5354

Fax:

604-646-5902

E-mail: atreleaven@lsbc.org

#### **PUBLIC DOCUMENT**

Leon Getz, Ethics Committee, QC, Chair The Law Society of British Columbia 845 Cambie Street Vancouver, BC V6B 4Z9

## Mr. Getz,

I am a victim of **hit and run crime** that is threatening the peace of our community; because the criminals are rewarded instead of punished, as exemplified below:

On May 31, 2009, Stewart Taylor, rear ended my car with his work van, while speeding on Pattullo Bridge and ran away. I lost control of my car and it was totally destroyed after three impacts. I was exteremely lucky to survive the collision without any physical injuries; because, I was driving on the right lane and my car hit the curb instead of oncoming traffic.

I reported the incident to the police. Stewart Taylor was caught and admitted his wrong. Nevertheless, the police did not take any action to prosecute him, because **ICBC** was liable for it.

ICBC officially accepted the liability of the crime, by paying me the replacement cost of my car, on behalf of Stewart Taylor. Paying a bill a criminal offender has to pay is perfect example of providing financial support to a criminal offender. Therefore, it is conclusive that, ICBC is guilty for providing financial support to a hit and run criminal, under the title of "accident insurance benefits". Furthermore, in law, assuming the liability of a criminal offence is tantamount to perpetrating the actual crime.

Since I am the victim of a potentially fatal hit and run crime committed under the liability of ICBC, I have a legal obligation to file a criminal action against ICBC. Otherwise, in a community where the victims of crime fail to take legal action against the criminals or their sponsors, it is impossible to prevent crime.

The first step of launching a legal action is to find out which legal-form to be filed in the Supreme Court of British Columbia for criminal cases. Therefore, I sought help from the lawyers who were referred by the Lawyer Referral Service. After giving me ten names, the Lawyer Referral Service refused to give me any more names on the grounds that their lawyers defend criminals, not victims.

None of the ten lawyers gave me the information I desperately needed and willing to pay for, even though every citizen has a duty to provide all the information they know for purpose of punishing a criminal offender. Instead, they tried to discourage me from filing the legal action by telling me that filing a criminal action is very complicated process that involves police, crown counsels, prosecutors, justice of peace, etc..

To find out, if the lawyers have an obligation to help a victim to facilitate the punishment of a criminal offender, I wrote to **David Bilinsky**, Practice Management Advisor. On behalf of Mr. Bilinsky, **Alan Treleaven** replied to my letter stating that:

"A lawyer has no ethical or professional obligation to take on a particular matter, including to provide particular legal services or legal advice on the filing of legal forms, even if the lawyer is listed through the Lawyer Referral Service and the potential client has offered to pay."

Then, I wrote another letter to David Bilinsky to confirm the validity of the statement of Alan Treleaven. As a surprise, Alan Treleaven responded again and confirmed his own decision.

What kind of professional conduct is this?...

Never mind the above question, but; please, let me know, if the lawyers, who are the members of the Law Society of British Columbia, have professional-obligation to provide the name of the legal-form, if a victim of hit and run crime requests for the punishment of his offender(s); or not?

I need an official and authorized answer to my question; because, I am willing to report the names of those ten lawyers to the Law Society. Nevertheless, it is not fair for them to be implicated with professional misconduct, if the lawyers of British Columbia have no obligation to provide legal-information that is leading to the prevention of crime in our community.

Sincerely,



June 25, 2012

## CONFIDENTIAL

Sent via mail

Ron Korkut 5249 Laurel Street Burnaby BC V5G 1N1

Dear Mr. Korkut:

Re: Your letter of May 21, 2012

I acknowledge receipt of your letter of May 21, 2012.

You ask in your letter whether lawyers have an obligation "to help a victim to facilitate the punishment of a criminal offender." I can advise you that a lawyer has no such obligation.

I hope this is helpful to you.

Yours truly,

łack Olsen

Staff Lawyer - Ethics

Reply to: Direct line:

604.443-5711

Fax:

604.646-5902

E-mail:

jolsen@lsbc.org

## **PUBLIC DOCUMENT**

Leon Getz, Ethics Committee, QC, Chair The Law Society of British Columbia 845 Cambie Street Vancouver, BC V6B 4Z9

## Mr. Getz,

So far, I have not received any response to my letter dated May 21, 2012. Please, answer my question regarding the lawyers' ethics.

Thanks, for your cooperation.

Sincerely,

#### **PUBLIC DOCUMENT**

Leon Getz, Ethics Committee, QC, Chair The Law Society of British Columbia 845 Cambie Street Vancouver, BC V6B 4Z9

## Mr. Getz,

Today, I have received a letter from Jack Olsen responding to my letter dated May 21, 2012, on your behalf. Mr. Olsen stated that "lawyers have no obligation to help a victim to facilitate the punishment of a criminal offender".

Please, let me know, if his statement is consistent with the ethics of the members of the Law Society. If the lawyers have not such an obligation, who else may have the obligation of providing service to the victims of crime to ensure that justice is done?

Sincerely,

#### PUBLIC DOCUMENT

Leon Getz, Ethics Committee, QC, Chair The Law Society of British Columbia 845 Cambie Street Vancouver, BC V6B 4Z9

## Mr. Getz,

I am a victim of potentially fatal hit and run crime; therefore, I have a legal obligation to file a criminal action against my offender. Obviously, if the victims consent to crime by not filing criminal action against their offenders, it is impossible to prevent hit and run crime.

To file the case, I sought help from the lawyers referred by the Lawyer Referral Service. All of them refused to help me with the filing procedure and they declined to give me name of the legal form required to file criminal cases, despite I was willing to pay for their service. Obviously, if I cannot get legal help from the lawyers, justice will not be served and the offender will be free to offend others. In this respect the lawyers' conduct may amount to obstruction of justice. Nevertheless, I don't know the necessary form to take them to the Court.

Therefore, I decided to take disciplinary action by reporting them to the Law Society for failure to provide legal service to a victim of crime. Nevertheless, it is useless to file a complaint about those lawyers, if the lawyers have no professional obligation to provide legal service to victims of crime.

To find out if the lawyers have professional obligation to provide legal service to victims of crime, I wrote to you expecting to get an authorized decision on this matter. Nevertheless, on behalf of you, Mr. Jack Olsen sent me a letter stating that "lawyers have no obligation to help a victim to facilitate the punishment of a criminal offender", dated June 25, 2012.

In my letter dated June 28, 2012, I asked you whether you approve Jack Olsen's statement or not. You have not answered my question, so far. Would you mind answering my question? Please.

Sincerely,

#### **PUBLIC DOCUMENT**

Leon Getz, Ethics Committee, QC, Chair The Law Society of British Columbia 845 Cambie Street Vancouver, BC V6B 4Z9

Mr. Getz,

Re: Your letter, dated July 24, 2012.

Thanks for confirming that lawyers have no professional obligation to provide legal service to a victim of hit and run crime so that he can take his case to the Court of Law.

If the lawyers do not have such an obligation, as victim of hit and run crime, whom should I consult to get legal information to launch my case?

Every year, hit and run criminals are killing dozens of innocent citizens in our Province with impunity, Mr. Getz.

This is a serious matter.

Sincerely,



July 24, 2012

Ron Korkut 5749 Laurel Street Burnaby, BC V5G 1N1

Dear Mr. Korkut:

Re: Your letter of June 28, 2012

I acknowledge receipt of your letter of June 28, 2012.

I have reviewed the correspondence in this matter, including your letter of May 21, 2012 and Mr. Olsen's reply to you of June 25, 2012. I have also reviewed earlier correspondence from Mr. Treleaven to you of May 16, 2012.

I agree with the advice Mr. Olsen and Mr. Treleaven have given to you.

Yours truly,

Leon Getz, Q.C.

Chair, Ethics Committee

#### PUBLIC DOCUMENT

Leon Getz, Ethics Committee, QC, Chair The Law Society of British Columbia 845 Cambie Street Vancouver, BC V6B 4Z9

Dear Mr. Getz,

Re: My letter, dated July 29, 2012.

In your letter, dated July 24, 2012, you confirmed that the lawyers have no professional obligation to provide legal service to a victim of hit and run crime; so that, he can take his case to the Court of Law.

In my letter, dated July 29, 2012, I asked you the following question:

Who does have the obligation of providing legal-information necessary to file a criminal action, if the lawyers do not have such an obligation?

So far, you have not answered my question. I desperately need the answer; because, I have a duty to take legal action against my offender. Otherwise, it is impossible to prevent hit and run crime.

Please, answer my question.

Sincerely,

#### **PUBLIC DOCUMENT**

Leon Getz, Ethics Committee, QC, Chair The Law Society of British Columbia 845 Cambie Street Vancouver, BC V6B 4Z9

Dear Mr. Getz,

Re: My letter, dated July 29, 2012.

In your letter, dated July 24, 2012, you confirmed that the lawyers have no professional obligation to provide legal service to a victim of hit and run crime; so that, he can take his case to the Court of Law.

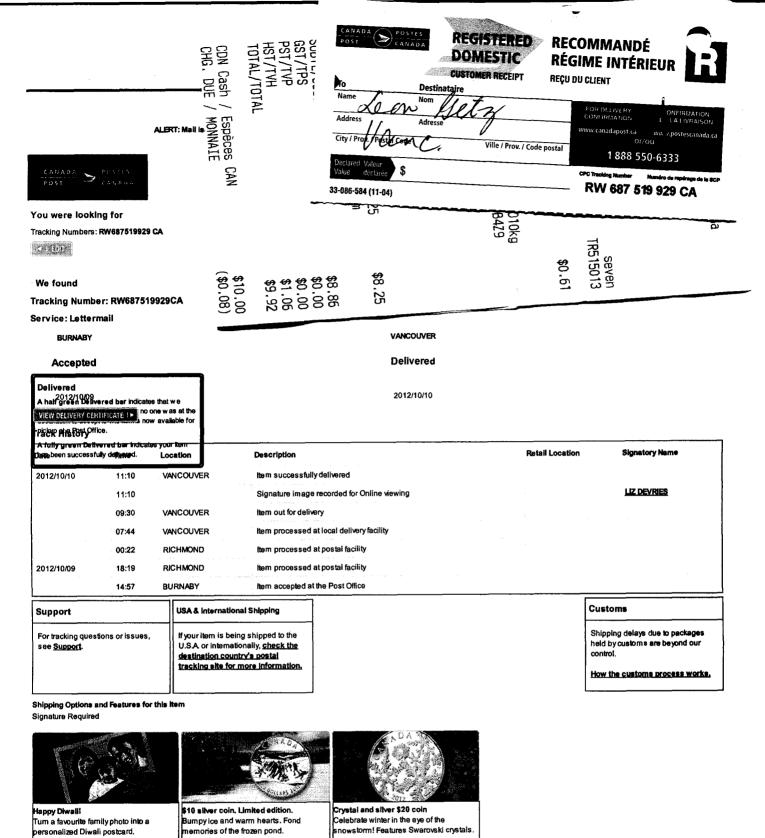
In my letter, dated July 29, 2012, I asked you the following question:

Who does have the obligation of providing legal-information necessary to file a criminal action, if the lawyers do not have such an obligation?

So far, you have not answered my question. I desperately need the answer; because, I have a duty to take legal action against my offender. Otherwise, it is impossible to prevent hit and run crime.

PLEASE, answer my question.

Sincerely,





#### **PUBLIC DOCUMENT**

#### REGISTERED MAIL

Leon Getz, Ethics Committee, QC, Chair The Law Society of British Columbia 845 Cambie Street Vancouver, BC V6B 4Z9

## Dear Mr. Getz,

I am a victim of **potentially fatal hit and run crime**; therefore, I have a duty to take my offender to the Court. Otherwise, it is impossible to prevent hit and run crime.

To take my offender to the Court, I have to file a legal-form in the Supreme Court of British Columbia. Therefore, I consulted with ten lawyers referred by the Lawyer Referral Service. All of the ten lawyers refused to provide me with the name of the legal-form or document required to launch the criminal action; even though, I was prepared to pay for their service.

As we all know, lawyers have ethical and professional obligation to provide legal service to the victims of crime. Nevertheless, in your letter, dated July 24, 2012, you confirmed that *the lawyers have no professional obligation to provide legal service to me*; so that, I can take my offender to the Court.

In my letters, dated July 29, 2012, August 23, 2012 and September 12, 2012, I asked you the following question:

Who does have the obligation of providing legal-information necessary to file a criminal action, if the lawyers do not have such an obligation? You declined to answer my question.

If you do not answer my question by the end of October 2012, I have to raise this issue to the attention of the President of the Law Society of British Columbia.

Sincerely,

Ron Korkut

Dishonest lawyers are more serious concern than dangerous criminals.

## **PUBLIC DOCUMENT**

Timothy E. McGee Chief Executive Officer and Executive Director The Law Society of British Columbia 845 Cambie Street Vancouver, BC V6B 4Z9

## Dear Mr. McGee,

I am a victim of **potentially fatal hit and run crime**. My offender was caught; therefore, I have a duty to take him and his sponsor to the Court. Otherwise, it is impossible to prevent hit and run crime.

To take my offender to the Court, I have to file a legal document in the Supreme Court of British Columbia. Therefore, I consulted with ten lawyers referred by the Lawyer Referral Service. All of the ten lawyers refused to provide me with the name of the legal-form or document required to launch a criminal action; even though, I was prepared to pay for their service.

As we all know, <u>lawyers have ethical and professional obligation to provide legal service to the victims of crime</u>, in order to prevent crime. Nevertheless, in his letter, dated July 24, 2012, Mr. Leon Getz, Ethics Committee Chair, confirmed that *the lawyers have no obligation to provide legal service to a victim of crime*; to bring his/her offender to justice. Despite my repeated requests, dated July 29, 2012, August 23, 2012 and September 12, 2012, Mr. Gets failed to answer my following question:

Who does have the obligation of providing legal-information necessary to file a criminal action, if the LAWYERS do not have such an obligation?

Please let me know who, or which professional, I should consult with to get the legal information necessary to file my case, if the lawyers do not have professional obligation to provide legal service.

I desperately need the answer to fulfill my civic duty to take my offender to the Court.

Sincerely,



## Please reply to our File No. 20120818IN

November 16, 2012

#### **CONFIDENTIAL**

Sent via mail

Mr. Ron Korkut 5249 Laurel Street Burnaby, B.C. V5G 1N1

Dear Mr. Korkut:

Re: Your November 5, 2012 Letter to the Law Society of B.C., Our File No. 20120818IN

I acknowledge receipt on November 8, 2012 of your letter dated November 5, 2012.

Enclosed is a brochure which describes the function of the Law Society and the limits of what we can and cannot do.

Unfortunately, we are unable to provide you with any legal advice/assistance in respect of the legal action you want to commence.

You will either have to research the issue online or in a law library yourself and/or you may want to contact the Access Pro Bono Society of B.C. A brochure describing this society is also enclosed.

I am sorry we cannot be of more assistance to you.

Yours truly,

Lynne Knights

Intake Officer, Professional Conduct

Reply to:

Direct line:

T. Kwa

(604) 443-5722

Fax:

(604) 605-5399

LK/mm

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**Enclosures** 

## Complaint Form Information Sheet

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### **PUBLIC DOCUMENT**

**Timothy E. McGee**Chief Executive Officer and Executive Director
The Law Society of British Columbia
845 Cambie Street
Vancouver, BC V6B 4Z9

## Dear Mr. McGee,

Lynne Knights, Professional Conduct Officer responded to my letter, dated November 5, 2012, on your behalf. Even though, in my letter, there was no statement indicating that I was seeking legal advice from the Law Society, she wrote me the following, labeled "confidential":

"Unfortunately, we are unable to provide you with any legal advice/assistance in respect of the legal action you want to commence."

She did ignore my question regarding the professional obligations of the lawyers.

As clearly stated in my letter, I need an authorized answer to the following question:

Do the members of the Law Society of British Columbia have professional and ethical obligation to disclose legal information requested by a victim of potentially fatal hit and run crime, that is absolutely necessary to bring the criminal offender to justice, or not?

Please answer my question on behalf of the Law Society of British Columbia, in person. Your answer is vitally important for preventing hit and run crime in our Province and protecting the credibility of the Legal Profession.

Sincerely,

#### **PUBLIC DOCUMENT**

(Personally served)

Timothy E. McGee Chief Executive Officer and Executive Director The Law Society of British Columbia 845 Cambie Street Vancouver, BC V6B 4Z9

Dear Mr. McGee,

Hit and run incidents kill dozens of innocent citizens of British Columbia every year. Hit and run is not an accident; it is a criminal offence under the section 252 Criminal Code of Canada.

I am a victim of hit and run crime, but very lucky one. I survived the potentially fatal collision and my offender was caught. Instead of being prosecuted, ICBC awarded him under the name of "accident insurance benefits", despite he was over-speeding, driving erratically on a substandard bridge and ran away. Therefore, I have a legal-obligation to take my offender and his sponsor to the Court. Otherwise, it is impossible to prevent hit and run crime. Furthermore, I may be accused for failing to resist crime; because, acquiescence is encouragement for crime.

To take my offenders to the Court, I have to file a legal document in the Supreme Court of British Columbia. Therefore, I consulted with ten lawyers referred by the Lawyer Referral Service. All of the ten lawyers refused to provide me with the name of the legal-form or document required to launch a criminal action against my offenders; even though, I was prepared to pay for their service. Consequently, my access to administration of justice was obstructed.

In hopes of solving the problem, I got in touch with Alan Treleaven, Director of Education & Practice David Bilinsky, Practice Management Advisor and Leon Getz, Ethics Committee, Chair. They stated that lawyers do not have ethical and professional obligation to provide legal service to the victims of crime, in order to take his case to the Court. Obviously, it does not make any sense to file disciplinary actions against those ten lawyers, under the circumstances.

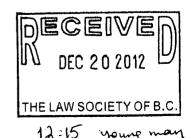
To **correct** or **confirm the validity** of the above statement, I appealed to your authority on November 5, 2012. Nevertheless, you have not paid due attention to my request, so far. This is my third letter to you. If you do not correct or confirm the validity of the above statement by the end of January, 2013, I have to raise the issue to the attention of the Benchers.

Sincerely,

RECEIVED:

Ron Korkut

Encl. News clips about hit and run crime.





January 8, 2013

#### Sent via mail

Ron Korkut 5249 Laurel Street Burnaby, BC V5G 1N1

Dear Mr. Korkut:

Timothy E. McGee Chief Executive Officer

Re: Your Letter of December 20, 2012

I acknowledge receipt of your letter of December 20, 2012.

I note that you have addressed letters to and received replies from a number of Law Society staff and Benchers of the Law Society, including Mr. Treleaven, Mr. Olsen and Mr. Getz, concerning legal questions that you have. I confirm that the advice previously provided to you by the Law Society is correct.

I regret that we cannot continue to correspond with you concerning your various questions, and that any further correspondence or materials received from you will be placed on your closed file. I suggest you may want to consult publications of the Legal Services Society of British Columbia concerning any legal matters in which you are interested. The Legal Services Society's website is located at http://www.lss.bc.ca/.

Yours truly.

Timothy E. Mc ee

/jo

Jack Olsen
 Staff Lawyer – Ethics, Law Society of British Columbia